

# Instruction Manual HB-200T2

Temperature Control Unit



HB-Therm AG Piccardstrasse 6 9015 St. Gallen SWITZERLAND

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Translation of original instruction

(Typenschild)

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## 1 General

#### 1.1 Information about this manual

This manual enables the safe and efficient handling of the unit.

The manual is a component part of the unit and must always be kept close to the unit readily accessible for personnel. Before starting any work, the personnel must have carefully read through and understood this manual. A basic requirement for safe work is the observance of all safety and handling instructions in this manual.

Furthermore, the local accident prevention regulations and general safety regulations are valid for the application area of the unit.

Illustrations in this manual serve the basic understanding and can deviate from the actual design of the unit.

For units with a special design (see the nameplate on the unit or on page 2), the corresponding additional documents are included in Appendix A.

We reserve the right to make technical modifications in order to improve usability.

## 1.2 Explanation of symbols

#### Warnings

Warnings are identified by symbols. These warnings are introduced by signal words, which express the severity of a danger. Adhere to these warnings and act cautiously in order to avoid accidents, personal injuries and damage to property.



#### DANGER!

... indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



#### **WARNING!**

... indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



#### **CAUTION!**

... indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.



#### **ATTENTION!**

... indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in property damage.

Hints and recommendations



#### NOTE!

... emphasizes useful hints and recommendations as well as information for efficient and trouble-free operation.

Special safety notes

The following symbols are used in connection with the safety notes to highlight particular dangers:



... highlights hazards caused by electric current. There is a danger of serious injury or death if the safety notes are not complied with.

## 1.3 Limitation of liability

All information and notes in this Manual were compiled under due consideration of valid standards and regulations, the present status of technology and our years of knowledge and experience.

The manufacturer can not be made liable for damage resulting from:

- disregarding this Manual
- unintended use
- employment of untrained personnel
- unauthorized conversions
- technical modifications
- use of unapproved spare parts

In case of customised versions the actual scope of delivery can vary from the explanations and representations in this Manual, because of the utilization of additional options or due to latest technical changes.

Apart from this, the obligations agreed upon in the delivery contract, the general terms and conditions and the delivery conditions of the manufacturer and the legal regulations valid at the time of contract do apply.

## 1.4 Copyright

This Manual is protected by copyright law and exclusively to be used for internal purposes.

Passing this Manual on to third parties, duplication of any kind – even in form of excerpts – as well as the use and/or disclosure of the contents without the written consent of the manufacturer is not permitted, except for internal purposes.

Violations oblige to compensation. The right for further claims remains reserved.

## 1.5 Warranty terms

The warranty terms are provided in the manufacturer's terms and conditions.

## 1.6 Customer Service

For technical information, please contact the HB-Therm representatives or our customer service department → www.hb-therm.ch.

Furthermore, our employees are always interested in new information and experiences resulting from the application that could be valuable for the improvement of our products.

## 2 Safety

This paragraph provides an overview of all important safety aspects for optimal protection of personnel as well as safe and trouble-free operation.

Disregarding this Manual and safety regulations specified therein may result in considerable danger.

#### 2.1 Intended Use

The unit is designed and constructed exclusively for the intended use described here.

The temperature control unit serves exclusively to bring a connected consumer (for example a tool) to a specified temperature and to keep this constant by means of the heat transfer medium oil and by heating and cooling.

The temperature control unit must be operated solely in accordance with the values indicated in Technical Information.

Observance of all information in this manual also pertains to the intended use.

Any use of the unit other than or going beyond the intended use is deemed as misuse and can lead to dangerous situations.



#### WARNING! Improper use poses danger!

Improper use of the unit can lead to hazardous situations.

In particular, do not use the unit in the following ways:

Using another heat transfer medium as heat transfer oils.

Claims of any nature regarding damage caused by improper use are excluded.

## 2.2 Customer's responsibility

The device is implemented commercially. Thus the owner of the device is subject to legal industrial safety obligations.

In addition to the safety instructions in this Manual, the safety, accident prevention guidelines and environmental protection regulations, applicable at the site of implementation must be complied with. In particular:

- Owner must inform himself of applicable industrial safety regulations and determine additional hazards that arise due to the specific working conditions prevailing at the site where the device is implemented, in a risk analysis. The risk assessment must be implemented in the form of work instructions for device operation.
- Owner must check throughout the entire implementation period of the device, whether the work instructions that owner has created satisfy current legislation, and must adapt the instructions if necessary.
- Owner must clearly regulate and specify the responsibilities for installation, operation, maintenance, and cleaning.
- Owner must ensure that all employees who deal with the device have read and understood this Manual.
  In addition, owner must train personnel at regular intervals and inform personnel of the hazards.
- Owner must provide personnel with the required protective equipment.

In addition, owner is responsible to ensure that the device is always in a technically perfect condition, and therefore the following applies:

- Owner must ensure that the maintenance intervals described in these operating instructions are complied with.
- Owner must have all safety devices inspected regularly for function and completeness.

## 2.3 Personnel requirements

#### 2.3.1 Qualifications



#### **WARNING!**

#### Danger of injury if insufficiently qualified!

Improper operation can lead to serious personal injuries or property damage.

#### Therefore:

Have all activities performed only by qualified personnel.

The following qualifications are specified for different areas of activity listed in the Manual.

#### An instructed person

has been instructed by the customer in an orientation session on the assigned tasks and possible dangers in case of improper behavior.

#### Qualified personnel

based on their professional training, know-how and experience as well as knowledge of the applicable standards and regulations is able to perform assigned work activities and to detect and avoid possible dangers on their own.

#### A professional electrician

based on his/her professional training, know-how and experience as well as knowledge of the applicable standards and regulations is able to perform work on electrical systems and to detect and avoid possible dangers on his/her own. The professional electrician has been trained for the special location where he/she works and knows the relevant standards and regulations.

#### Hydraulic specialist

based on his or her technical training, knowledge and experience as well as knowledge of the relevant standards and regulations, is able to carry out work on hydraulic systems and to independently recognise and avoid possible dangers. The hydraulic specialist is trained for the specific location at which he or she is employed and is familiar with the relevant standards.

## 2.3.2 Unauthorized persons



#### **WARNING!**

## Danger for unauthorized persons!

Unauthorized persons not meeting the requirements outlined here are not aware of the dangers in the work area.

#### Therefore:

- Keep unauthorized persons away from the work area
- If in doubt, address the persons and direct them to leave the work area.
- Interrupt work activities as long as unauthorized persons are present in the work area.

## 2.4 Personal protective equipment

When working, it may be necessary to wear personal protective equipment in order to minimise dangers to health.

- During work, always wear the protective equipment necessary for the particular work.
- Follow the information placed in the working area with regard personal safety equipment.

## Personal protective equipment for special tasks

When performing special tasks it is necessary to wear personal protective equipment. This personal protective equipment will be separately specified in the chapters of this Manual. This special protective equipment is explained below.



#### **Protective clothing**

means close-fitting working clothes with long arms and long trousers. It serves primarily as protection against hot surfaces.



#### **Protective gloves**

to protect the hands against abrasions, cuts or deeper wounds as well as against contact with hot surfaces.



#### Safety goggles

to protect the eyes against parts flying around or squirts of fluids.



#### Safety boots

to protect against heavy parts falling down or slipping on slippery ground.

## 2.5 Specific dangers

The following section lists the residual risks that have been determined by the risk assessment.

Heed the safety instructions listed here, and the warnings in subsequent chapters of this Manual, to reduce health hazards and to avoid dangerous situations.

#### **Electric current**



## DANGER! Danger of death by electric current!

Live parts are dangerous. Contact with high voltages causes injury or death. Damaged insulation or components can cause injury or death.

#### Therefore:

- In case of damage of the insulation of the power supply, switch off immediately and arrange repair.
- Work on the electrical system must only be carried out by certified electricians.
- For all work on the electrical system, for maintenance, cleaning or repair work, disconnect from the mains or disconnect all phases of the external power supply and secure them against being switched on again. Check unit is isolated from power supply.
- Do not by-pass or disable fuses. Comply with the correct ampere when changing fuses.
- Keep away humidity from live parts. This could cause a short circuit.

#### Hot materials



#### **WARNING!**

### Danger of burns due to hot working materials!

During operation, working materials can reach high temperatures and pressures and can cause burns on contact.

#### Therefore:

- Only allow work on the hydraulics to be carried out by qualified personnel.
- Before beginning work on the hydraulics, check whether working materials are hot and under pressure. If necessary, cool the unit down, depressurise and switch off. Check that the unit is free of pressure.

#### Hot surfaces



#### **CAUTION!**

#### Danger of burning on hot surfaces!

Contact with hot components can cause severe burns.

#### Therefore:

- Always wear protective clothes and protective gloves when working on hot components.
- Before starting work make sure that all components have cooled down to ambient temperature.

#### **Danger of crushing**



#### **WARNING!**

## Danger of crushing due to rolling away or tipping

With an uneven floor or when the castors are not locked, there is a danger that the unit tips over or rolls away causing crushing.

#### Therefore:

- Only install the unit on an even floor.
- Ensure that the castors are locked.

## 2.6 Safety devices



#### WARNING!

## Malfunctioning safety devices may pose a fatal risk!

Safety devices must be intact in order to guarantee safety.

#### Therefore:

- Never disable safety devices.
- Take care to ensure that safety devices such as main switch are always accessible.

#### Main switch

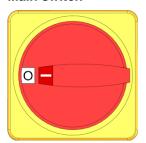


Fig. 1: Main switch

The power supply to consumers is cut and an emergency stop is triggered by turning the main switch to the "0" position.



#### WARNING!

## Danger of fatal injury from uncontrolled restarting!

Premature uncontrolled restarting can lead to severe personal injury or to death!

#### Therefore:

 Before restarting, make sure that the cause for the emergency stop is eliminated and all safety devices are installed andoperational.



#### WARNING!

#### Danger of fatal injury from live conductors!

After switching off the unit via the main switch, there are still live conductors in the unit!

#### Therefore:

- For all work on the electrical system, for maintenance, cleaning or repair work, disconnect from the mains or disconnect all phases of the external power supply and secure them against being switched on again
- Check unit is isolated from power supply

#### 2.7 Stickers and decals

The following symbols and information decals can be found in the danger zone. They refer to the immediate vicinity around their location.



#### **WARNING!**

## Danger of injury because of illegible symbols!

Over the course of time stickers and decals may become dirty or illegible for any other reason.

#### Therefore:

- Keep any safety, warning and operation related decals in legible condition at all times.
- Replace damaged decals or stickers immediately.



#### Hot surfaces

Hot surfaces, like hot machine parts, tanks or materials, but also hot fluids, are not always detectable. Do not touch without protective gloves.

## 2.8 CE Declaration of Conformity for Machinery

(CE-Directive 2006/42/EG, Annex II 1. A.)

Product Temperature Control Unit HB-Therm Thermo-5

Unit types HB-200T2

Manufacturer Address HB-Therm AG

Piccardstrasse 6 9015 St. Gallen SWITZERLAND www.hb-therm.com

**CE guidelines** 2014/30/EU; 2011/65/EU

**Responsible for documentation** Martin Braun

HB-Therm AG 9015 St. Gallen SWITZERLAND

**Standards** DIN 4754:2015; EN IEC 60730-2-9:2019 + A1:2019 + A2:2020;

EN IEC 61000-6-2:2019; EN IEC 61000-6-4:2019;

EN IEC 63000:2018; EN 60204-1:2018; EN ISO 13732-1:2008; EN ISO 12100:2010

We declare of our own responsibility that the above mentioned products, to which this declaration refers, comply with the appropriate regulations of the CE-Machinery Directive. (CE-Directive 2006/42/EG), including its appendices and the corresponding legal remission for implementation of the directive in national law.

Furthermore, the above mentioned CE-Directives and standards (or parts/clauses thereof) are applied.

St. Gallen, 2023-08-17

Reto Zürcher Stefan Gajic

CEO Compliance & Digitalisation

## 2.9 UK Declaration of Conformity for Machinery

(Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulation 2008, Statutory Instrument 2008 No. 1597)

**Product** Temperature Control Unit HB-Therm Thermo-5

Unit types HB-200T2

Manufacturer Address HB-Therm AG

Piccardstrasse 6 9015 St. Gallen SWITZERLAND www.hb-therm.com

**UK guidelines** The Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016

Statutory Instruments 2016 No. 1091

The Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in

Electrical and Electronic Equipment Regulations 2012

Statutory Instruments 2012 No. 3032

Responsible for documentation Martin Braun

HB-Therm AG 9015 St. Gallen SWITZERLAND

**Standards** DIN 4754:2015; EN IEC 60730-2-9:2019 + A1:2019 + A2:2020;

EN IEC 61000-6-2:2019; EN IEC 61000-6-4:2019;

EN IEC 63000:2018; EN 60204-1:2018; EN ISO 13732-1:2008; EN ISO 12100:2010

We declare of our own responsibility that the above mentioned products, to which this declaration refers, comply with the appropriate regulations of the Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008, including its appendices. Furthermore, the above mentioned Statutory Instruments and standards (or parts/clauses thereof) are applied.

St. Gallen, 2023-08-17

Reto Zürcher Stefan Gajic

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## 3 Technical data

## 3.1 General Information

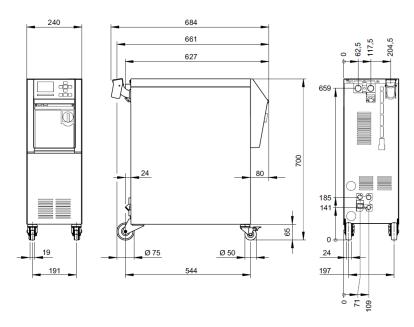


Fig. 2: Dimensions

Max. weight		Value	Unit
3	HB-200T2	59	kg
Circulating volume		Value	Unit
•	Circulating volume	1,6	L
Expansion volume		Value	Unit
Expansion volume	Expansion volume	5.5	L.
Temperature measurement		Value	Unit
	Measuring range	0-400	°C
	Dissolution	0,1	°C
	Control accuracy	±0,1	K
	Tolerance	±0,8	K
		Value	Unit
Flow measurement	Measuring range	0,4–40	L/min
	Dissolution	0,1	L/min
	Tolerance	±(5 % of the measured value + 0,1 L/min)	
December management		Value	Unit
Pressure measurement	Measuring range	0–20	bar
	Dissolution	0,1	bar
	Tolerance	±5 % of the fin	al value

#### 3.2 Emissions

	Value	Unit
Continuous sound pressure level	<70	dB(A)
Surface temperature (rear of unit)	>55	°C

## 3.3 Operating conditions

#### **Environment**

The unit may only be operated indoors.

		Value	Unit
Temperature range		5–40	°C
Relative humidity *		35–85	% RH
Minimum free space	A **	10	mm
(→ Fig.)	В	50	mm
	С	150	mm
	D	50	mm
	Е	70	mm

<sup>\*</sup> non-condensing

<sup>\*\*</sup> at ambient temperatures up to max. 35 °C, the units can be placed next to each other without any distance.



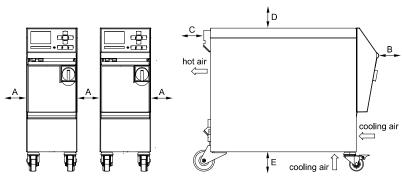


Fig. 3: Free space around the unit

## 3.4 Connection values

#### **Electrical connection**

Mains cable to unit,	CE	H07RN-F/H07BQ-F	
cross section	$U_{\rm N} = 400/460 \ {\rm V}$	4x2,5 mm <sup>2</sup> (8 kW)	
	$U_{\rm N} = 210 \ {\rm V}$	4x6,0 mm <sup>2</sup> (8 kW)	
Power grid	TN (net with prote	ctive conductor)	
Mains voltage U <sub>N</sub>	see nameplate on unit or on page 2		
Rated short-circuit current	$I_{\text{max}}$ to 63 A = 6 kA		
Overvoltage category	II		
Degree of contamination	2		

#### Maximum fusing:

		380-415 V	200–200 V	440–480 V
Heating	8 kW	3x20 A	3x32 A	3x20 A



#### NOTICE!

## On units without frequency converter

To protect against electric shock, the use of a residual current circuit-breaker (RCD) Type A is recommended.

#### Connection main and return line

	Value	Unit
Thread	G¾	
Resistance HB-200T2	10, 220	bar, °C

G... Connector inside thread in inches

#### Connection cooling water

	Value	Unit
Pressure	2–5	bar
Thread cooling water	G3/8	
Resistance	10, 100	bar, °C

G... Connector inside thread in inches

#### **Drain connection**

	Value	Unit
Thread	G%	

G... Connector inside thread in inches

## 3.5 Operating fluids

#### Heat transfer oil

Suitable heat transfer oils must be used for operation with oil.



#### **WARNING!**

## Danger may result if unsuitable heat transfer oils are used

Using unsuitable oil poses the risks of cracking, overheating and fire.

#### Therefore:

- The maximum permitted main line temperature must exceed the maximum working temperature of the unit.
- The permitted film temperature and the boiling point must be at least 340 °C.

Do not use any aggressive medium that can destroy materials in contact with the heat transfer medium.



#### NOTICE!

For further information, you can go to <a href="https://www.hb-therm.ch">www.hb-therm.ch</a> to download "Oil recommendation for temperature control units (DF8082-X, X=language).

Depending on the model, the following materials are used in the temperature control unit:

- Copper
- Brass
- Bronze
- Nickel
- Chrome steel
- MQ (Silicon)
- Titan

- NBR (Nitrile rubber)
- FPM (Viton®)
- PTFE (Teflon)
- FFKM (Perfluorinated)
- PEEK (Polyether ether ketone)
- Ceramic (Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>)

Viton® is a registered trade mark of Dupont Dow Elastomers

#### **Cooling water**

Normally, if the non-treated water used in the temperature control circuit observe following guideline values, it can be used without special treatment.



#### NOTICE!

We recommend, in order to protect the system, to observe these values and to control them from time to time.

#### **Guideline values**

Hydrological data	Temperature range	Guideline value	Unit
pH-value	-	7.5–9	
Conductivity	up to 110 °C	<150	mS/m
	110–180 °C	<50	
	over 180 °C	<3	
Total hardness	up to 140 °C	<2.7	mol/m <sup>3</sup>
		<15	°dH
	over 140 °C	<0.02	mol/m <sup>3</sup>
		<0.11	°dH
Carbonate hardness	up to 140 °C	<2.7	mol/m <sup>3</sup>
		<15	°dH
	over 140 °C	<0.02	mol/m <sup>3</sup>
		<0.11	°dH
Chlorid ions CI -	up to 110 °C	<50	mg/L
	110–180 °C	<30	
	over 180 °C	<5	
Sulphate SO4 2-	-	<150	mg/L
Ammonium NH4 +	-	<1	mg/L
Iron Fe	-	<0.2	mg/L
Manganese Mn	-	<0.1	mg/L
Particle size	-	<200	μm



#### NOTICE!

For further information, you can go to <a href="https://www.hb-therm.ch">www.hb-therm.ch</a> to download "Checklist for water treatmentfor temperature control units" (DF8003-X, X=language).

#### Water treatment

If the guideline values cannot be observed, a professional water treatment is necessary ( $\rightarrow$  page 41).

## 3.6 Nameplate

The nameplate is located on the rear panel of the unit, on the inside of the service flap and on page 2 o these operating instructions.

The following information can be taken from the nameplate:

- Manufacturer
- Type designation
- Unit number
- Year of manufacture
- Performance data
- Connection data
- Type of protection
- Additional equipment

## 4 Structure and function

#### 4.1 Overview

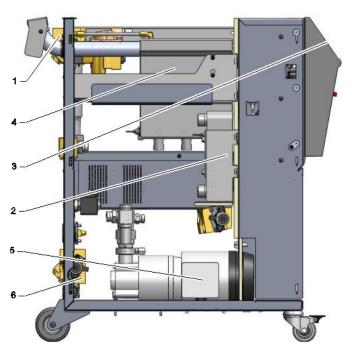


Fig. 4: Overview

- 1 Heat transfer module
- 2 Cooler
- 3 Operation and display
- 4 Tank
- 5 Pump
- 6 Cooling water module

## 4.2 Brief description

The temperature control unit brings the heat transfer oil to the desired temperature and maintains this at a constant level; this is achieved by a heating element and a cooling element. The temperature controlled heat transfer medium is passed from the temperature control unit to the consumers and back again by means of a pump.

In conjunction with the pipework and the consumer, the temperature control unit constitutes a heat transfer system.

## 4.3 Functional principle

The temperature control unit is a self-venting system. It comprises a pump, a heating element and a cooling element and serves as a pressure vessel for the heat transfer medium.

A temperature sensor measures the temperature of the heat transfer medium in the temperature control unit and forwards it in the form of an electrical signal to the controller input. Optionally, an external temperature sensor mounted on the consumer can be connected to the unit.

The heating and cooling elements of the unit are switched on accordingly by the temperature controller until the heat transfer medium has reached the required temperature. This temperature is kept constant. The temperature controlled heat transfer medium is fed to the consumers by means of a pump.

The heater comprises one or more heated elements.

With the indirect cooling, the cooling process takes place via a heat exchanger that has cold water flowing through it. The cooling water is supplied via the cooling water connection.

## 4.4 Heat transfer medium

Oil is used as heat transfermedium. The filling of the heat transfermedium is done manually via the fill spout.

The closed hydraulic circuit contains the heat transfer medium, which is in contact to the atmosphere only in the expansion tank. The expansion tank compensates the volume expansion of the heat transfer medium caused by the temperature change. The building up of a static pressure is not possible. The temperature of the oil in the expansion tank is much lower than the oil in the hydraulic circuit. The oxidation of the heat transfer medium is prevented this way.

## 4.5 Connections

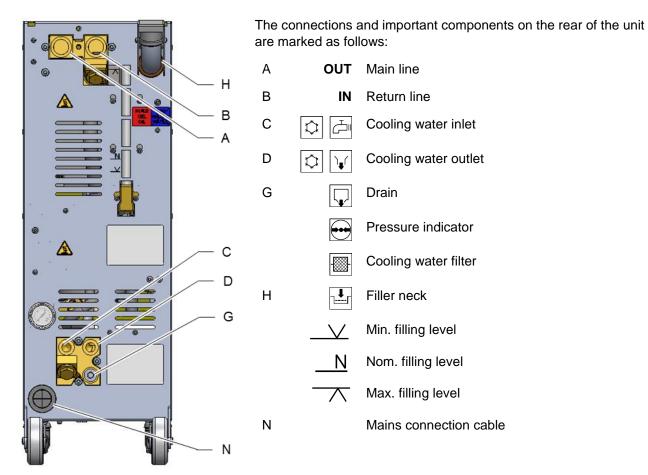


Fig. 5: Connections

## 4.6 Additional equipment

The following additional equipment can be installed in addition to the basic equipment for the unit ( $\rightarrow$  nameplate):

	Additional equipment	Description
ZB Connection for alarm and external control	Connection for alarm and external	Alarm using potential-free contact (rating max. 250 VAC, 4 A)
	Unit ON/OFF, ramp program ON/OFF and switching nominal value 1 or 2 using potential-free contact	
	1 socket Harting Han 7D (male), connecting cable with plug included	
ZE	ZE Connection for external sensor	Thermocouple type J, K, T or Pt 100 in 3-wire system, with selectable production detector
	1 socket Audio 5 pin (female), connector 90° (male) included	
ZD Interface DIGITAL	Serial data interface 20 mA, RS-232 or RS-422/485	
	Various protocols selectable: Arburg, Billion, Bühler, Dr. Boy, Engel, Ferromatik Milacron, Haitian, KraussMaffei, MODBUS (RTU-Mode), Negri Bossi, SPI (Fanuc, etc.), Stork, Sumitomo Demag, Wittmann Battenfeld, Zhafir	
		2 sockets Sub-D 25 pin (female)
ZC Interface CAN	Series data interface CAN-bus (Sumitomo Demag) and CANopen (EUROMAP 66; Netstal, etc.)	
	To remotely control singular units	
	2 sockets Sub-D 9 pin (1 male and 1 female)	
ZO Interface OPC UA	Interface OPC UA	Ethernet interface (EUROMAP 82.1)
	1 socket RJ-45 (female)	
ZP	Interface PROFIBUS-DP	Serial data interface PROFIBUS-DP
	1 socket sub-D 9 pin (female; not possible with ZC)	
ZU	Pump status monitor	Additional pressure sensor in main line
ZK	Keyboard-protection	Transparent flap over display and controls
Χ	Special Design	Special design without additional description
XA	Special Design with appendix	Special design with additional description in Appendix A

## 4.7 Operation modes

#### 4.7.1 Main operating modes



#### NOTE!

After switching the unit on, the last main operating mode selected is again active, if necessary after expiry of a delay time

#### **Normal operation**

During normal operation, the temperature controlled heat transfer medium is pressed through the consumers by means of a pump.

#### 4.7.2 Modes of auxiliary operation

#### Mould evacuation

In the mould evacuation mode of auxiliary operation, the heat transfer medium is cooled until the temperature levels for main line, return line and external\* have reached the defined mould evacuation limited temperature. Subsequently, consumer and feed lines are sucked until evacuated and depressurized. The sucked volume is led into the internal tank.

#### Cooling

In the mould evacuation mode of auxiliary operation, the heat transfer medium is cooled until the temperature levels for main line, return line and external\* have reached the defined cooling temperature. The unit subsequently switches off.

## 4.8 Work and danger zones

#### Working areas

- The primary working area is located at the front of the unit on the keyboard.
- The secondary working area is located at the rear of the unit.

#### **Danger areas**

Connection from unit to consumer is at the rear of the unit. These areas are not protected by the unit housing. There is a risk of burns on accessible hot surfaces. If a hose bursts, hot heat transfer oil can escape and cause burns.

<sup>\*</sup> if an external sensor is connected

## Transport, packing and storage

## 5 Transport, packing and storage

## 5.1 Safety notes for transport

#### Improper transport



#### **ATTENTION!**

#### Damage due to improper transport!

Improper transport can result in considerable material damage.

#### Therefore:

- Unit must be completely emptied (cooling and system circuit)
- Only use original or equivalent packaging.
- On delivery as well as during internal transport, proceed carefully when unloading the packages and observe the notices on the packaging.
- Only use the designated suspension points.
- Only remove the packaging shortly before assembly.

## Transport, packing and storage

## 5.2 Transport

#### Transport by forklift truck

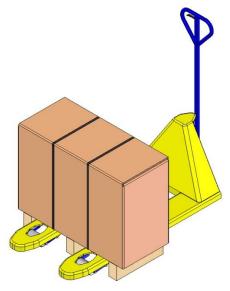


Fig. 6: Attachment points Palette

Packing units mounted on pallets can be transported by forklift truckunder the following condition:

- The forklift truck must be designed for the weight of the unit.
- The driver must be authorised to drive the forklift truck.

#### Attachment:

- Insert the forks of the forklift truck between or under the pallet stringers.
- **2.** Insert the forks deep enough so they protrude on the other side of the pallet.
- Make sure that the pallet cannot tip over, if the centre of gravity is offset.
- 4. Raise the packing unit and begin with the transport.

#### Transport with a crane

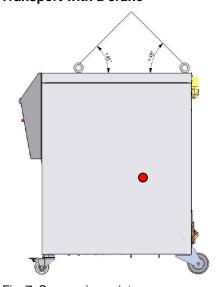


Fig. 7: Suspension points

The unit can be equipped with lifting brackets (special design). Transport with a crane can be carried out under the following conditions:

- Crane and lifting gear must be designed for the weight of the unit.
- The operator must be authorised to operate the crane.

#### Attachment:

- 1. Attach the ropes and straps according to Fig. 7.
- 2. Ensure that the unit hangs straight, pay attention to off-centre centre of gravity (→ Fig. 7).
- **3.** Raise the unit and begin with the transport.

## Transport, packing and storage

## 5.3 Transport inspection

Check the delivery immediately on receipt for completeness and transport damage.

If externally detectable transport damage is found, proceed as follows:

- Do not accept the delivery, or only with reservation.
- Record the extent of transport damage in the transport documents or on the delivery note of the forwarding agent.
- Start complaints procedure.



#### NOTE!

Claim any damage as soon as it is detected. Compensation claims can only be submitted within the applicable complaints periods.

## 5.4 Packing

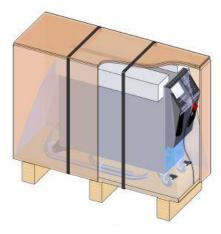


Fig. 8: Packaging

The unit is packed corresponding to the expected transport conditions on a wooden pallet, secured with a polypropylene strap and wrapped in stretch film.

Only environmentally compatible materials have been used for the packaging.

The packaging should protect the individual components from transport damage, corrosion and other damage. Therefore, do not destroy the packaging.

### Transport, packing and storage

#### Handling packing materials

If there is no returns agreement for the packing, separate materials according to type and size and direct to further use or recycling.



#### **ATTENTION!**

#### **Environmental damage caused by incorrect** waste disposal!

Packing materials are valuable raw materials and can continue to be used in many cases or sensibly reconditioned and recycled.

#### Therefore:

- Dispose of packing materials environmentally.
- Follow the locally valid waste disposal regulations. If necessary employ a special waste disposal company to dispose of packing material.

## Recycling codes for packaging

Recycling codes are markings on packaging materials. They provide information about the type of material used and facilitate the disposal and recycling process.

These codes consist of a specific material number framed by an arrow-triangle symbol. Below the symbol is the abbreviation for the respective material.

#### **Transport pallet**

→ Wood

#### **Folding carton**

→ Cardboard

#### Strapping band

→ Polypropylene

#### Foam pads, cable ties and quick release bags

→ Polyethylene low density

#### Stretch film

→ Polyethylene linear low density

materials





no recycling code

### Transport, packing and storage

## 5.5 Symbols on the packing



#### **Protect against wetness**

Protect packages against wetness and keep dry.



#### Fragile

Identifies packages with fragile or sensitive content.

Handle package with care, do not drop and do not subject to shock loads.



#### Top

The arrows in this sign symbolize the top side of the package. They must always point up, as otherwise the content may get damaged.



#### Do not stack

Marks packages that cannot be stacked or onto which nothing should be stacked.

Do not stack anything on the marked package.

### 5.6 Storage

#### Storing the packages

Store the packages under the following conditions:

- Temperature control unit completely emptied.
- Do not store out of doors.
- Store dry and dust-free.
- Do not expose to aggressive media.
- Protect from sunlight.
- Avoid mechanical vibrations.
- Storage temperature 15–35 °C.
- Relative humidity max. 60 %.

## 6 Installation and initial commissioning

### 6.1 Safety

#### **Personnel**

- The installation and commissioning must only be carried out by qualified personnel.
- Work on the electrical system must only be carried out by certified electricians.
- Work on the hydraulic system must only be carried out by qualified hydraulics technicians.

#### **Special dangers**

The following dangers exist:

- Danger of fatal injury by electric current.
- Risk of burns due to hot materials.
- Risk of burns due to hot surfaces.
- Danger of crushing due to rolling away or tipping.

## Improper installation and initial commissioning



#### **WARNING!**

## Risk of injury due to improper installation and initial commissioning!

Improper installation and initial commissioning can lead to severe personal injury or material damage.

#### Therefore:

- Before starting work, ensure that there is sufficient space for assembly.
- Open components with sharp edges should be handled carefully.

## 6.2 Requirements for the installation location



#### **WARNING!**

## Improper installation can cause risk of injury and fire!

Improper installation can lead to severe personal injury or material damage.

#### Therefore:

 Observe and comply with the requirements at the installation site

Install the temperature control unit under the following conditions:

- ensure adequate ventilation and a water-protected unit location
- on a horizontal, stable and low-vibration surface
- secured against rolling away and tipping
- ensure access to the main switch at all times
- all connection cables of the unit must not touch hydraulic lines or parts whose surface temperatures are above 50 °C
- protect the unit with a suitable back-up fuse and, if necessary, a residual current circuit breaker (max. back-up fuse and recommended residual current circuit breaker → page 25)

#### 6.3 Installation work

#### 6.3.1 Lock castors

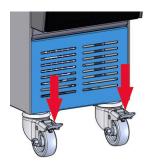


Fig. 9: Lock castors

The castors must be locked in order to secure the unit from rolling away unintentionally.

- **1.** Place the unit in the appropriate location.
- 2. Press the two brake arms on the castors downwards.

#### 6.3.2 Treatment of cooling water

If the guideline values ( $\rightarrow$  page 26) for water quality during operation cannot be observed, a professional water treatment is necessary.



#### NOTICE!

We recommend having the water treatment undertaken by a specialist firm.

Depending on the model, the following materials are used in the temperature control unit:

- Copper
- Brass
- Bronze
- Nickel
- Chrome steel
- MQ (Silicone)
- NBR (Nitrile rubber)
- FPM (Viton®)
- PTFE (Teflon)
- FFKM (Perfluorinated rubber)
- PEEK (Polyether ether ketone)

Viton® is a registered trade mark of Dupont Dow Elastomers



#### NOTICE!

For further information, you can go to <a href="www.hb-therm.ch">www.hb-therm.ch</a> to download "Checklist for water treatmentfor temperature control units" (DF8003-X, X=language).

#### 6.3.3 Setting up system connections



#### **WARNING!**

## Danger of scalding through hot operating materials

Using unsuitable lines and connections poses the risk of hot fluids escaping, causing serious or fatal injuries.

#### Therefore:

- Use only heat-resistant pressure hoses and hoses that can withstand heat from the heat transfer medium (pressure resistant up to at least the maximum pump pressure, related to the respective maximum temperature of the unit).
- Avoid using quick-release connections in the heat transfer medium circuit in the interests of safety.



#### NOTICE!

Specific to the product, system connections are screwed or plugged in., If the recommended hose connection can not be connected to the consumer, a cross-section reduction has to be carried out at the consumer and not at the temperature control unit in order to achieve the smallest pressure losses.



#### WARNING!

Bolted assemblies, especially combinations of stainless steel / stainless steel or steel / stainless steel tend to adhere strongly or can seize up after a longer period of operation at high temperatures. This results in difficulties in dismantling.

#### Therefore:

Use a suitable lubricant.

## Connecting attachments and accessories

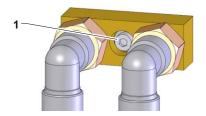


Fig. 10: Central fixing

Attachments and accessories are external flow meters, manifolds and connection adapters (main-/ return line, cooling water) that are connected to the unit.



#### NOTE!

The metric M8 hexagon socket head screw (1) of the attachments and accessories must be tightened to a maximum torque of 20 Nm.

## Connect cooling water inlet and outlet



#### NOTE!

In order to optimally utilize the cooling capacity of the temperature control unit, keep the cooling water outlet as short and free of back-pressure as possible.

**1.** Connect cooling water inlet and outlet to cooling water system.

#### Connect main and return lines

2. Connect main and return lines to the consumers

#### **Make electrical connections**

- **3.** Electrical connections should be made by a certified electrician under the following conditions:
- Only make the electrical connections after the hydraulic connections have been made.
- Ensure that mains voltage and frequency corresponding to the specification on the nameplate and in the technical data are observed.
- Prefuse the temperature control unit in accordance with the electrical specifications (→ page 25).

#### Secure hose connections



#### **WARNING!**

#### Danger of burns due to hot hose connections!

During operation, the hose connections between the temperature control unit and the external consumer can become very hot. With insufficient coverage of the hose connections there is the danger of contact which can cause severe burns.

#### Therefore:

 Secure all hose connections adequately against the possibility of direct contact.

## 6.3.4 Filling the unit

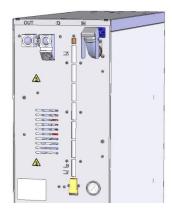


Fig. 11: Filling the unit

To fill the heat transfer medium tank, proceed as follows:

- 1. Open tank lid
- **2.** Fill heat transfer medium slowly through tank opening up to approx. <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>.

#### 6.3.5 Connect data interfaces

#### **HB** interface

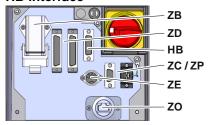


Fig. 12: Interfaces individual unit

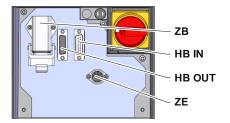


Fig. 13: Interfaces modular unit

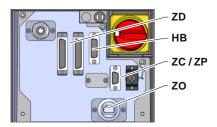


Fig. 14: Interfaces Panel-5



Fig. 15: Interfaces Flow-5
Modul: Unit attached/ stand-alone

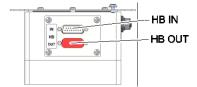


Fig. 16: Interfaces Flow-5 Modul: Autonom.

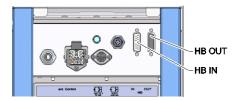
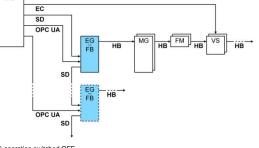


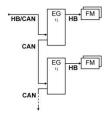
Fig. 17: Interfaces Vario-5

To operate or monitor a modular unit Thermo-5 Ext. Flow meter Flow-5 or a switching unit Vario-5, a control cable must be connected to the device:

- 1. Loop the control cable between the front and the service cover at Thermo-5 resp. Panel-5.
- 2. Plug the control cable into socket HB IN.
- **3.** Attach the other side of the control cable to the HB-Therm Thermo-5, Flow-5 or Vario-5 through the HB IN plug.
- **4.** Attach additional HB-Therm products through the socket HB OUT.
- 5. Close the service lid.

Legend	Designation	Comment
MC	Machine controller	max. 1
FB	Operating module Panel-5	max. 1
EG	Temperature thermostat Thermo-5 singular unit	max. 16 (per operation)
MG	Temperature thermostat Thermo-5 modular unit	
FM	Flow meter Flow-5	max. 32 (with 4 circuits)
VS	Switching unit Vario-5	max. 8
SD	Communication via serial data interfaces DIGITAL ( <b>ZD</b> ), CAN ( <b>ZC</b> ), PROFIBUS-DP ( <b>ZP</b> )	Maximum number of sim. modules, operatingvolume and
OPC UA	Communication OPC UA via Ethernet ( <b>ZO</b> )	ler max. 1 le Panel-5 max. 1 max. 1 max. 16 (per operation)  max. 32 (with 4 circuits) max. 8 max. 8 Maximum number of sim. modules, operatingvolume and transfer of flow rate values depend on the machine controller or protocol  Order of connection not relevant For remote control of singular units
<b>HB</b> <sup>2)</sup>	Communication Interface HB	
HB/CAN	Communication Interface HB/CAN	
CAN	Communication Interface CAN ( <b>ZC</b> )	
EC	External control (ext.) Control)	

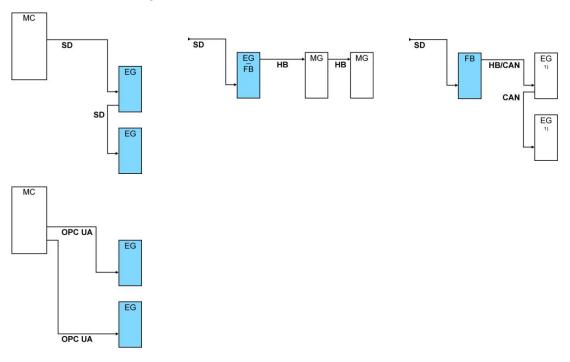




1) operation switched OFF

2) Max. length cable HB: Total 50 m

#### **Communication examples**



1) Operation schwitched OFF

## Data interface (additional equipment ZD, ZC, ZP, ZO)

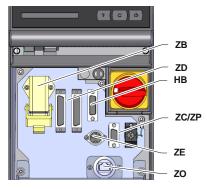


Fig. 18: Interfaces individual unit

In order to control the unit via an external controller, a control cable can be connected to the unit:

- 1. Pull the control cable between the front and the service cover.
- 2. Plug the control cable into socket ZD, ZC, ZP or ZO.
- **3.** Close the service lid.
- **4.** Settings for Address resp. of the Protocol (→ page 71)
- 5. Setting of the network configuration (only with additional equipment ZO → page 72)

## External control (additional equipment ZB)

In order to control the unit via potential-free external contacts, an external control cable can be connected to the unit:

- **1.** Loop the external control cable between the front and the service flap.
- 2. Plug the external control cable into socket ZB.
- 3. Close the service flap
- **4.** For the contact assignment (→ page 124)



#### NOTE!

The pin assignment for the various control cables is given in page 123.

#### 6.3.6 Connect external sensor

# Connect external temperature sensor (additional equipment ZE)

In order to precisely control the temperature of a consumer, an external temperature sensor can be connected to the unit:

- **1.** Loop the cable of the external temperature sensor between the front and the service flap.
- 2. Plug the external temperature sensor into the socket ZE.
- 3. Close the service flap.
- **4.** Setting the type of sensor (→ page 68).

Table: Sensor type designation

Туре	Code	Casing	Core
J (Fe-CuNi)	IEC	black	black (+) / white (-)
	DIN	blue	red (+) / blue (-)
K (NiCr-Ni)	IEC	green	green (+) / white (-)
	DIN green		red (+) / green (-)
T (Cu-CuNi)	IEC	brown	brown (+) / white (-)
	DIN	brown	red (+) / brown (-)

## 7 Control

## 7.1 Keyboard

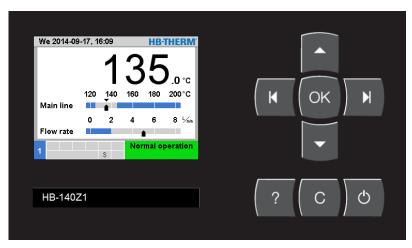


Fig. 19: Keyboard and display

## 7.1.1 Key functions on an individual unit

Key	Key function in basic display	Key function within menu	Key function with active parameter adjustment
	In menu Nominal values jump to Nominal value 1 (adjustment mode).	Navigate upwards.	Increase values.
K	In menu Monitoring jump to Monitoring.	Navigate to the left.	Switch from "one tenth setting" to "whole value setting".
OK	Display main menu.	Display sub-menus or activate parameter adjustment.	Confirm values.
M	In menu Functions jump to Mould evacuation.	Navigate to the right.	Switch from "whole value setting" to "one tenth setting".
•	In menu Profile jump to Language.	Navigate downwards.	Decrease values.
?	Display online help.	Display online help.	Display online help.
С	Acknowledge active horn or alarm.	Navigate back to previous menu.	Cancel the adjustment of values.
O	Switch unit on or off.	Switch unit on or off.	Switch unit on or off.

## 7.1.2 Key functions and operation on an individual unit

Key	Key function in basic display	Key function within menu	Key function with active parameter adjustment
	In menu Nominal values jump to Nominal value 1 (adjustment mode).	Navigate upwards.	Increase values.
K	Navigate to lower module No.	Navigate to lower module No.	Switch from "one tenth setting" to "whole value setting".
OK	Display main menu.	Display sub-menus or activate parameter adjustment.	Confirm values.
M	Navigate to higher module No.	Navigate to higher module No.	Switch from "whole value setting" to "one tenth setting".
•	In menu Profile jump to Language.	Navigate downwards.	Decrease values.
?	Display online help.	Display online help.	Display online help.
С	Acknowledge active horn or alarm.	Navigate back to previous menu.	Cancel the adjustment of values.
O	Switch module on or off.	Switch module on or off.	Switch module on or off.

## 7.1.3 Key functions on unit operated as module

Key	Key function in basic display	Key function within menu	Key function with active parameter adjustment
•	no function	Navigate upwards.	Increase value.
K	no function	no function	no function
OK	Display main menu.	Display sub-menus or activate parameter adjustment.	Confirm values.
M	no function	no function	no function
•	no function	Navigate downwards.	Decrease value.
?	Display online help.	Display online help.	Display online help.
C	no function	Navigate back to previous menu or leave the menu.	Cancel the adjustment of value.
O	no function	no function	no function

## 7.1.4 Basic display

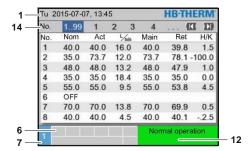


Fig. 20: Basic display table

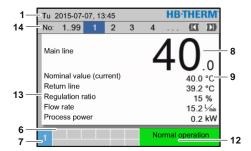


Fig. 22: Basic display text

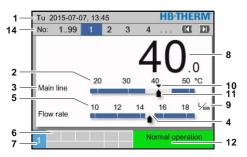


Fig. 21: Basic display graph



Fig. 23: Basic display Unit operated as module

Pos.	Designation	Display
1	Menu bar	Date and time
2	Temperature scale	Scale for current measuring position (main line, return line or external)
3	Text actual value	Upper value: Temperature main line, return line or external Lower value: Flow rate, temperature or pressure difference pump
4	Graphics bar	Display of the set monitoring limits
5	Scale	Scale for flow rate, temperature or pressure difference pump
6	Symbol field	Display active functions and details / Display actual value while display menu
7	Address field	Display unit address
8	Actual display (large)	Display of currently measured actual value (main line, return line or external)
9	Unit	Unit for flow rate, temperature or pressure
10	Nominal value	Marking of the nominal value
11	Actual value	Marking the actual value
12	Operating mode and colour- coded condition display	Display of current operating mode and pending alarms and warnings
13	User values	Display of max. 5 freely selectable actual values
14	Module bar	Shows the active modules (only when using modular units)

#### Status indication individual unit

The condition display lights in a different colour depending on the operating condition. The following conditions are defined:

Display	Description
green	trouble-free
green flashing	Start-up phase, limiting values not set
yellow	Warning
red	Fault

## Status display operate unit as module or modular unit

The status display lights in a different colour depending on the operating condition. The following conditions are defined:

Display	Description
green	trouble-free
green flashing	Start-up phase, limiting values not set
green flashing fast	Modular unit selected
yellow	Warning
red	Fault
yellow/red flashing	Software update active

### Symbol display

Symbol	Description
S	Simulation mode active
AT	Auto tuning active
	Remote mode active
	Ramp programme active
0	Switch clock active
≕	Maintanance interval reached
•	Recording USB
<b>4</b> ))×→ 🕒	Switch off horn
Alarm×→ 🚯	Acknowledge alarm
0	Level premonition

## 7.2 Operating structure

Navigate through the menu structure as follows:

- Use the key to display step-by-step the next lowest hierarchy level starting from the basic display.
- Press the key for longer than 1 second to directly display the basic display from a lower hierarchy level.
- Use the arrow keys and to switch between the individual modules.

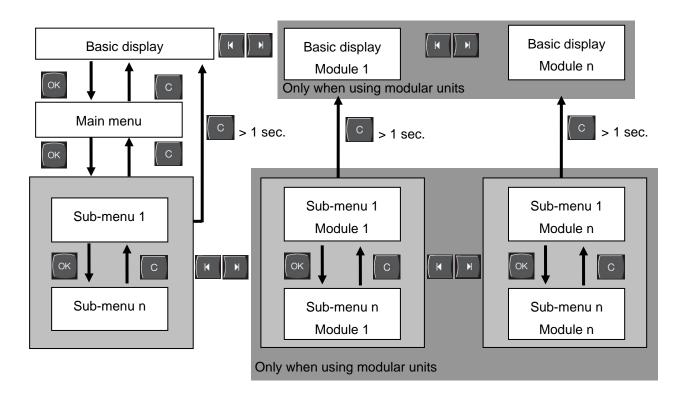


Fig. 24: Operating structure

## 7.3 Menu structure



#### NOTE!

Depending on the software version used, the menu structure and the parameter values can deviate from the following table.

Display	User profile	Operating- release	Default value	Unit	Ancillary - equipment/ model	Туре
Nominal values	S	-	-	-	-	-
Nominal value 1	S	2	40,0	°C	-	М
Nominal value 2	S	2	0,0	°C	-	М
Nominal speed	S	2	100,0	%	4S, 8R	М
Nominal flow rate	S	2	10,0	L/min	4S, 8R	М
Nominal pressure difference	S	2	3,0	bar	4S, 8R	M
Nominal temperature difference	S	2	5,0	K	4S, 8R	M
Ramp heating	E	2	5,0	K/min	-	M
Function ramp heating	Е	2	inactive	-	-	М
Ramp cooling	Е	2	5,0	K/min	-	М
Function ramp cooling	Е	2	inactive	-	-	М
Temp. nom. value limitation	Е	2	-	°C	-	М
Safety cut-off temperature	Е	2	70,0	°C	-	Α
Function Pressure lim. VL	Е	2	inactive	-	4S, 8R	М
Pressure limitation VL	Е	2	5,0	bar	4S, 8R	М
Functions	S	-	-	-	-	-
Cooling	S	1	OFF	-	-	М
Mould evacuation	S	1	OFF	-		М
External sensor	S	1	OFF	-	ZE	М
Remote	S	1	OFF	-	ZD, ZC, ZP, ZO	М
Leak stopper	S	1	OFF	-	ZL	М
2nd nominal value	S	1	OFF	-	-	М
Switch clock	S	1	OFF	-	-	М
Ramp programme	S	1	OFF	-	-	М
Ramp BREAK	S	1	OFF	-	-	М
Display	S	-	-	-	-	-
Screen type	S	2	Graph	-	-	Α
Actual values	S	-	-	-	-	-
Hold screen	S	1	OFF	-	-	Α
Nominal value (current)	S	-	-	°C	-	М
Main line	S	-	-	°C	-	М
Return line	S	-	-	°C	-	М

External	S	-	-	°C	-	
Deviation actual/nominal	S	-	-	K	-	
Difference return/main line	S	-	-	K	-	
Regulation ratio	S	-	-	%	-	
Flow rate	S	-	-	L/min	-	
Process power	S	-	-	kW	-	
act. Power saving. Pump	S	-	-	W	4S	
Energy saving pump	S	-	-	kWh	4S	
Possibili. Power sav. Pump	S	-	-	W	4S, 4M	
Possibili. Energy sav. Pump	S	-	-	kWh	4S, 4M	
Nominal temperature difference	S	-	-	K	4S, 8R	
Nominal flow rate	S	-	-	L/min	4S, 8R	
Nominal pressure difference	S	-	-	bar	4S, 8R	
Nominal speed	S	-	-	%	4S, 8R	
Pump speed	S	-	-	1/min	4S, 8R	
System pressure nom. value	U	-	-	bar	-	
System pressure actual value	S	-	-	bar	-	
Main line pressure	S	-	-	bar	ZU, 4S, 8R	
Pressure difference pump	S	-	-	bar	-	
Pressure limitation VL	Е	-	-	bar	4S, 8R	
Operating hours	S	-	-	h	-	
Step ramp	S	-	-	-	-	
Remaining time ramp step	S	-	-	min	-	
Current phase L1	U	-	-	Α	-	
Current phase L2	U	-	-	Α	-	
Current phase L3	U	-	-	Α	-	
Voltage 24 VAC	U	-	-	V	-	
Pump condition	S	-	-	%	ZU, 4S, 8R	
Maintenance fluid	S	-	-	%	-	
Maintenance pump	S	-	-	%	-	
Maintenance heating	S	-	-	%	-	
Maintenance cooling	S	-	-	%	-	
Difference main line/external	S	-	-	K	-	
Return line external 18	S	-	-	°C	-	
Diff. return/main line ext. 18	S	-	-	K	-	
Flow rate external 18	S	-	-	L/min	-	
Process power ext. 18	S	-	-	kW	-	
Position cooling valve 1	U	-	-	%	-	
Position cooling valve 2	U	-	-	%	>100 °C	
Level tank	S	_	-	%	200/250T	
Temperature cooler	U	_	-	°C	>100 °C	
Temperature cooler Temperature tank	U	_	-	°C	200/250T	
Temperature tank Temperature frequency Converter	U	_	-	°C	4S, 8R	
Temperature requestly converter  Temperature compensation 1	U	-	-	°C	-	
Tomporature compensation 1	J			U	_	

Nom. value pumps (current)	S	-	-	%	4S, 8R	N
Output pump	S	-	-	%	4S, 8R	N
Production detection	S	-	inactive	-	-	N
election	S	-	-	-	-	-
Nominal value (current)	S	3	ON	-	-	Ν
Main line	S	3	OFF	-	-	Ν
Return line	S	3	ON	-	-	Λ
External	S	3	OFF	-	-	N
Deviation actual/nominal	S	3	OFF	-	-	N
Difference return/main line	S	3	OFF	-	-	ľ
Regulation ratio	S	3	ON	-	-	ľ
Flow rate	S	3	ON	-	-	ľ
Process power	S	3	ON	-	-	ľ
act. Power saving. Pump	S	3	OFF	-	4S	ı
Energy saving pump	S	3	OFF	-	4S	ı
Possibili. Power sav. Pump	S	3	OFF	-	4S, 4M	ı
Possibili. Energy sav. Pump	S	3	OFF	-	4S, 4M	ı
Nominal temperature difference	S	3	OFF	-	4S, 8R	
Nominal flow rate	S	3	OFF	-	4S, 8R	
Nominal pressure difference	S	3	OFF	-	4S, 8R	
Nominal speed	S	3	OFF	-	4S, 8R	
Pump speed	S	3	OFF	-	4S, 8R	
System pressure nom. value	U	3	OFF	-	-	
System pressure actual value	S	3	OFF	-	-	
Main line pressure	S	3	OFF	-	ZU, 4S, 8R	
Pressure difference pump	S	3	OFF	-	-	
Pressure limitation VL	Е	3	OFF	-	4S, 8R	
Operating hours	S	3	OFF	-	-	
Operating hours FM 14	S	3	OFF	-	-	
Operating hours FM 58	S	3	OFF	-	-	
Step ramp	S	3	OFF	-	-	
Remaining time ramp step	S	3	OFF	-	-	
Current phase L1	U	3	OFF	-	-	
Current phase L2	U	3	OFF	-	-	
Current phase L3	U	3	OFF	-	-	
Voltage 24 VAC	U	3	OFF	-	ZU, 4S, 8R	
Pump condition	S	3	OFF	-	-	
Maintenance fluid	S	3	OFF	-	-	
Maintenance pump	S	3	OFF	-	-	
Maintenance heating	S	3	OFF	-	-	
Maintenance cooling	S	3	OFF	-	-	
Difference main line/external	S	3	OFF	-	-	
Return line external 18	S	3	OFF	-	-	
Diff. return/main line ext. 18	S	3	OFF	-	-	
Flow rate external 18	S	3	OFF	-	_	

Process power ext. 18	S	3	OFF			М
Position cooling valve 1	U	3	OFF	-	-	M
Position cooling valve 1	U	3	OFF	-	>100 °C	M
Level tank	S	3	OFF	-	200/250T	M
	U	3	OFF		>100 °C	M
Temperature cooler	U	3	OFF	-	200/250T	M
Temperature transport Converter						
Temperature frequency Converter	U	3	OFF	-	4S, 8R	M
Temperature compensation 1	U	3	OFF	-	-	M
Power pump	S	3	OFF	-	4S, 8R	M
Nom. value pumps (current)	S	3	OFF	-	4S, 8R	М
Output pump	S	3	OFF	-	4S, 8R	М
Production detection	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Module	S	-	-	-	-	-
Module	S	3	-	-	-	Α
External flow meter	S	-	-	-	-	-
External flow meter	S	3	-	-	-	Α
Miscellaneous	Е	-	-	-	-	-
External flow meter	Е	3	active	-	-	Α
Variothermal systems	S	-	-	-	-	-
Variothermal systems 18	S	3	active	-	-	-
Monitoring	S	-	-	-	-	-
Monitoring	S	3	autom.	-	-	Α
Monitoring level	S	3	rough	-	-	М
Reset monitoring	S	3	no	-	-	М
Startup-alarmsuppression	S	3	complete	-	-	Α
Alarm contact function	S	3	NO1	-	-	М
Horn volume	S	3	10	-	-	Α
Monitoring during functions	U	4	OFF	-	-	Α
Output alarm contact	U	4	All	-	-	М
Emergency deact. overheat.	U	4	OFF	s	-	Α
Temperature	S	-	-	-	-	-
Upper dev. nominal/actual	S	3	10,0	K	-	М
Lower dev. nominal/actual	S	3	10,0	K	-	М
Difference return/main line	S	3	10,0	K	-	М
Difference main line/external	S	3	OFF	K	-	М
Diff. return/main line ext. 18	S	3	10,0	K	-	М
Delay diff. main/return line	S	3	0	min	-	Α
Deviation temp. difference.	S	3	2,0	K	4S, 8R	М
Flow rate	S		-		-, -	
Flow rate internal max.	S	3	OFF	L/min	-	M
Flow rate internal min.	S	3	5,0	L/min	_	M
Pump condition min.	S	3	60	%	_	M
Flow rate external 1 8 max.	S	3	OFF	L/min		M
	S			L/min	•	
Flow rate external 1 8 min.	3	3	1,0	L/111111	-	М

Average Dev. Target-Is Above	S	3	2,0	L/min	4S, 8R	М
Average Dev. Target-Is Below	S	3	2,0	L/min	4S, 8R	М
Tool data	Е	-	-	-	-	-
Tool 1-10	Е	-	-	-	-	-
Tool no.	Е	4	-	-	-	М
Nominal value 1	Е	4	-	°C	-	М
Difference return/main line	Е	4	-	K	-	М
Difference main line/external	Е	4	-	K	-	М
Upper dev. nominal/actual	Е	4	-	K	-	М
Lower dev. nominal/actual	Е	4	-	K	-	М
Flow rate internal max.	Е	4	-	L/min	-	М
Flow rate internal min.	Е	4	-	L/min	-	М
Load tool data	Е	4	OFF	-	-	М
Save tool data	Е	4	OFF	-	-	М
Export tool data	Е	4	OFF	-	-	М
Import tool data	Е	4	OFF	-	-	М
Level	U	_	-	-	-	_
Level premonition	U	4	5	%	200/250T	М
	S		-	-	-	_
Setting		-		-		
Remote	S	-	-	-	-	-
Address	S	3	1	-	-	M
Protocol	S	3	1	-	-	A
Master external control	E	3	autonom.	-	-	A
Transfer rate	E	4	4800	B/s	-	A
Transfer rate CAN Bus	E	4	250	k/s	-	A
Decimal place flow rate CAN	S	4	ON	-	-	A
Parity	E	4	even	-	-	A
Data bit	E	4	8	-	-	A
Stop bit	E	4	1	-	-	A
Serial recording cycle	S	4	1	S	-	A
Delay emergency switch off	U	4	30	S	-	М
Compatibility Profibus to S4	S	4	yes -	-	-	Α
Profibus node 1	S	4	5	-	-	Α
Profibus node 2	S	4	6	-	-	A
Profibus node 3	S	4	7	-	-	Α
Profibus node 4	S	4	8	-	-	Α
Simulate DFM as device	E	3	OFF	-	-	М
Operate unit as a module	S	3	OFF	-	-	Α
TCP/IP Configuration	S	-	-	-	ZO	-
DHCP	U	4	yes	-	ZO	A
DHCP addressing successful	U	4	-	-	ZO	Α
IP	U	4	-	-	ZO	Α
Subnet mask	U	4	-	-	ZO	Α
Standard gateway	U	4	-	-	ZO	Α

Port	U	4	4840	-	ZO	Α
Mac Address	U	4	-	-	ZO	Α
Em. Shutdown Ses. Timeout	U	4	no	-	ZO	Α
Switch clock	Е	-	-	-	-	-
Time	Е	3	CET	HH:MM	-	Α
Date	Е	3	CET	-	-	Α
Status	Е	3	inactive	-	-	Α
Day	Е	3	Mo-Fr	-	-	Α
Switch mode	Е	3	OFF	-	-	Α
Switch time	Е	3	06:00	HH:MM	-	Α
Ramp programme	Е	-	-	-	-	_
Criterion ramp programme	Е	3	nominal	-	-	М
End ramp programme	Е	3	OFF	-	-	М
Status	Е	3	inactive	-	-	М
Temperature	Е	3	0,0	°C	-	M
Time	Е	3	00:00	HH:MM	-	M
Controller	Е	-	-	_	-	-
Measuring point internal	E	3	Main line	-	-	M
Auto-Tuning	Е	3	OFF	-	-	M
Operating mode	Е	4	autom.	-	-	M
Parameter P internal	Е	4	15	K	-	M
Parameter I internal	Е	4	25	s	-	M
Parameter D internal	Е	4	OFF	S	-	M
Factor disturbance variable	U	4	OFF	-	-	M
Parameter P external	Е	4	150	K	-	M
Parameter I external	Е	4	56	S	-	M
Parameter D external	Е	4	11	s	-	M
Factor heating/cooling	Е	4	20	K	-	M
Limitation heating	Е	4	100	%	-	M
Limitation cooling	Е	4	100	%	-	M
Filter external sensor	Е	4	15,0	S	-	M
Level production detector	Е	4	OFF	K	-	M
Nominal value cooler	Е	4	55	°C	-	M
Ramp heating	Е	2	5,0	K/min	-	M
Function ramp heating	Е	2	inactive	-	-	M
Ramp cooling	Е	2	5,0	K/min	-	M
Function ramp cooling	Е	2	inactive	-	-	M
Date/Time	S	_	-	-	_	-
Time	S	3	CET	HH:MM	-	Α
Date	S	3	CET	-	-	Α
Time zone	S	3	CET	-	-	Α
Time zone Offset UTC	S	3	60	-	-	Α
Switch over summer/winter	S	3	autom.	min	-	Α
Summer/Winter	S	3	Winter			Α

<b>Units</b>	S	-	-	-	-	-
Temperature scale	S	2	°C	-	-	Α
Flow rate scale	S	2	L/min	-	-	Α
Pressure scale	S	2	bar	-	-	Α
Recording USB	S	3	-	-	-	-
Serial recording cycle	S	4	1	S	-	Α
Activate all values	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Deactivate all values	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Nominal value (current)	S	3	ON	-	-	М
Main line	S	3	ON	-	-	М
Return line	S	3	ON	-	-	М
External	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Deviation actual/nominal	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Difference return/main line	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Regulation ratio	S	3	ON	-	-	М
Flow rate	S	3	ON	-	-	М
Process power	S	3	ON	-	-	М
act. Power saving. Pump	S	3	OFF	-	4S	М
Energy saving pump	S	3	OFF	-	4S	М
Possibili. Power sav. Pump	S	3	OFF	-	4S, 4M	М
Possibili. Energy sav. Pump	S	3	OFF	-	4S, 4M	М
Nominal temperature difference	S	3	OFF	-	4S, 8R	М
Nominal flow rate	S	3	OFF	-	4S, 8R	М
Nominal pressure difference	S	3	OFF	-	4S, 8R	М
Nominal speed	S	3	OFF	-	4S, 8R	М
Pump speed	S	3	OFF	-	4S, 8R	М
System pressure nom. value	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
System pressure actual value	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Main line pressure	S	3	OFF	-	ZU, 4S, 8R	М
Pressure difference pump	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Pressure limitation VL	Е	3	OFF	-	4S, 8R	М
Operating hours	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Operating hours FM 14	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Operating hours FM 58	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Operating hours GIF	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Operating hours USR	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Operating hours heater	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Operating hours cooler	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Operating hours pump	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Operating hours filling pump	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Step ramp	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Remaining time ramp step	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Current phase L1	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
	S	3	OFF	_		М
Current phase L2	3	J	Oll		_	IVI

Voltage 24 VAC	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Pump condition	S	3	OFF	-	-	M
Maintenance fluid	S	3	OFF	-	-	M
Maintenance pump	S	3	OFF	-	-	M
Maintenance heating	S	3	OFF	-	-	M
Maintenance cooling	S	3	OFF	-	-	M
Difference main line/external	S	3	OFF	-	-	M
Return line external 18	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Diff. return/main line ext. 18	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Flow rate external 18	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Process power ext. 18	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Position cooling valve 1	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Position cooling valve 2	S	3	OFF	-	>100 °C	М
Level tank	S	3	OFF	-	200/250T	М
Temperature cooler	S	3	OFF	-	>100 °C	М
Temperature tank	S	3	OFF	-	200/250T	М
Temperature frequency Converter	S	3	OFF	-	4S, 8R	М
Temperature compensation 1	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Power pump	S	3	OFF	-	4S, 8R	М
Nom. value pumps (current)	S	3	OFF	-	4S, 8R	М
Output pump	S	3	OFF	-	4S, 8R	М
Production detection	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Total number of alarms	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Switching cycles alarm relay	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Switch cycles fill. pump relay	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Switch cycle X52.1	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Switch cycle X52.2	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Switch cycle X52.3	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Switch cycle X52.4	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Switch cycle X51.2	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Switch cycle X51.3	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Switch cycle X51.4	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Average heating capacity	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Average cooler temperature	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Average cooler temperature	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Average main line temp.	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Average return line temp.	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Average flow	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Average voltage 24 VAC	S	4	OFF	-	-	М
Number of mould evacuation	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Number of Auto-Tuning	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Miscellaneous	S	-	-	-	-	-
Cooling temperature	S	3	35	°C	-	M
Wait after cooling	E	3	OFF	min	-	М
-						

					014 414 40	N 4
Time mould evacuation	S	3	-	s	2M, 4M, 4S, ZG	М
Mould evacuation limit temp.	E	3	-	°C	2M, 4M, 4S, ZG	M
Mould evacuation start delay	Е	3	90	S	2M, 4M, 4S	Α
Pressure relief with unit OFF	Е	3	ON	-	2M, 4M, 4S	М
Time pressure relief	Е	3	5	S	2M, 4M, 4S	M
Sensor type external sensor	S	3	J/Fe-CuNi	-	ZE	М
Switch over exernal sensor	E	3	autom.	-	ZE	Α
Restart interlock	E	3	OFF	-	-	Α
Rinse interval	Е	3	OFF	min	-	М
Rinse time	Е	3	-	S	-	М
Limitation filling time	Е	3	-	S	-	М
Delay flow measuring internal	S	3	-	min	-	М
Temperature limiting	Е	3	-	°C	-	М
Safety cut-off temperature	Е	3	-	°C	-	Α
Max. temperature air relief	U	4	100	°C	-	М
Function nominal value 3	Е	3	OFF	-	-	M
Ext. contact read at mains ON	Е	3	OFF	-	-	M
Mould evac. with compr. air	U	4	Drain	-	ZG	M
DFM recognition	U	4	integrated	-	-	Α
Recognition of hose breakage	Е	3	OFF	%	-	М
Profile	S	-	-	-	-	-
User profile	S	3	Standard	-	-	Α
Operating release	S	0	2	-	-	Α
Code	S	3	1234	-	-	Α
Language	S	0	-	-	-	Α
Key press volume	S	3	5	-	-	Α
Fault finding	S	-	-	-	-	-
Logbook Alarms	S	-	-	-	-	-
Logbook Alarms	S	4	-	-	-	М
Save/Load	S	-	-	-	-	-
Start USB Software Update	Е	4	OFF	-	-	Α
Recording USB	S	3	OFF	-	-	М
Load configuration data	Е	4	OFF	-	-	М
Save configuration data	S	4	OFF	-	-	М
Load parameter data	Е	4	OFF	-	-	М
Save parameter data	S	4	OFF	-	-	М
Save error and operation data	S	4	OFF	-	-	М
Save quality test	Е	4	OFF	-	-	М
Save Serviceinfo	S	4	OFF	-	-	Α

## 8 Operation

## 8.1 Mains ON



Fig. 25: Main switch

Switch on the temperature control unit as follows:

- 1. Turn the main switch to position "I".
- → Unit initialisation runs. The indication "Ready-to-operate" appears on the display.

### 8.2 Registering new modular units

#### Initialisation window

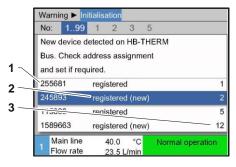


Fig. 26: Initialisation

If a new modular unit is detected, the initialisation window appears at the operating module or individual unit.

Pos. No.	Display
1	GIF-ID
2	Status of modular unit
3	Address of modular unit

#### Setting the address

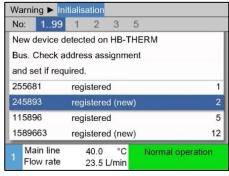


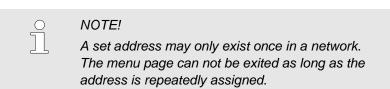
Fig. 27: Setting the address

## O NOTE!

The modular unit is automatically assigned a free address.

Proceed as follows in order to change the address:

1. Select the modular unit and set the desired Address.



#### Change address

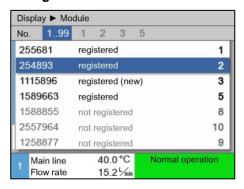
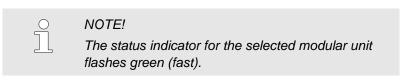


Fig. 28: Display \ Actual value

Proceed as follows in order to subsequently change the address:

- 1. Display the menu page Display \ Module.
- 2. Select the modular unit and set the desired Address.



### 8.3 Special features for operation of modular units

#### Parameter types:

For modular units, the distinction is made between 2 types of parameter:

- A Module independent (value adjustment only possible for "1..99")
- M Module dependent (value adjustment possible per module)



#### NOTE!

The parameters that can be set module indepedently or module dependently can be taken from the menu structure (→ page 54)

#### Module No. "1..99" selected

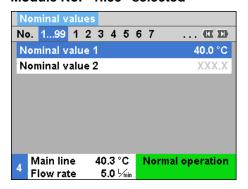


Fig. 29: Example Nominal values

If the module No. "1..99" is selected, the value of a parameter is displayed with X (grey) as long as the setting is not identical for all modular units.

Otherwise, the value is displayed normally in black.

(→ example, Fig. 29)

## Value adjustment for all modular units

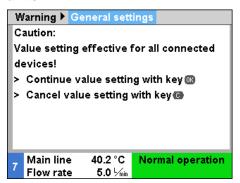


Fig. 30: Warning text value adjustment

Proceed as follows in order to make a setting for all detected modular units simultaneously:

- 1. Select Module No. "1..99" with the up or key.
- 2. Select the desired parameter and press the (III) key.
  - → Confirm warning text with the Key.
- Set the desired value and confirm with the W key.
  - → Value adjustment takes place simultaneously for all detected modular units.

### 8.4 Operate singular unit as modular unit

An singual unit can be operated as a modular unit. The operation takes place through the higher-level command Thermo-5 or Panel-5.

#### Requirement

- Additional equipment ZC
- only one module logged on.
- Software version newer then SW51-2\_1413



#### NOTICE!

The numer of modules currently logged on is displayed under Display / Module

#### Operate unit as module

To operate an singular unit as module, proceed as follows:

- **1.** Switch the unit off with the week.
- 2. Display the menu page Setting \ Remote operation.
- 3. Set parameter Operate unit as module to "ON".



#### NOTICE!

If the parameter Operate unit as module is not available, check the requirements.

- → The unit starts up again after confirmation of the warning with the <sup>®</sup> key.
- → The unit logs on to the higher-level unit Thermo-5 or Panel-5 (→ page 64).

#### Operate unit as single unit

To operate the unit again as singular unit, proceed as follows:

- Switch of the unit through the higher-level command Thermo-5 or Panel-5.
- 2. Select Main menu at the modular unit with the MR key.
- 3. Set parameter Operate unit as module to "OFF".
- → The unit starts up again after confirmation of the warning with the ເ key.
- → The unit can be operated again as an singular unit.

### 8.5 Switching on

### 8.5.1 Normal operation

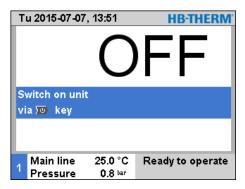


Fig. 31: Basic display

Switch on normal operation as follows:

- 1. Press the key.
- → The unit starts in the defined operating mode.
- Ensure that the functions Mould evacuation,
   2nd nominal Value and Cooling are switched off.

## Switch on modular units individually

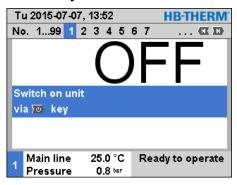


Fig. 32: Basic display

Switch on normal operation as follows:

- 1. Select the Module No. with the K or M key.
- 2. Press the key.
- → The unit starts in the defined operating mode.
- Ensure that the functions Mould evacuation,
   2nd nominal value and Cooling are switched off.

#### Switch on all modular units

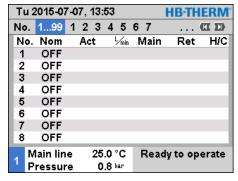


Fig. 33: Table view



Switch on normal operation as follows:

- 1. Select Module No. "1...99" with the Key.
- 2. Press the wey.
- → All units start in the defined operating mode.
- Ensure that the functions Mould evacuation,
   2nd nominal Value and Cooling are switched off.

#### 8.5.2 External sensor

**Function** (additional equipment ZE) In order to precisely control the temperature of a consumer, an external temperature sensor can be connected to the unit:

#### Pre-selection of external sensor type

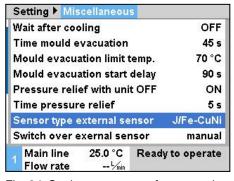


Fig. 34: Setting sensor type for external sensor

#### NOTE!

The sensor type Pt 100 is automatically recognised and adjusted. All other sensor types have to be set manually.

The external sensor type is set as follows:

- Display the menu page Setting \ Miscellaneous.
- 2. Set parameter Sensor type external sensor to the connected sensor type.

#### Switching to external sensor

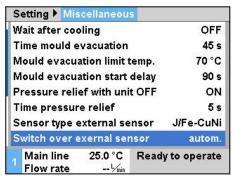


Fig. 35: Switch over exernal sensor

When recognised, the unit automatically switches over to a connected external sensor. If this is not desired, make the following setting:

- 1. Display the menu page Setting \ Miscellaneous.
- Set parameter Switch over exernal sensor to "manual".



#### NOTE!

On breakage of the external sensor, with the setting Switch over exernal sensor "autom", automatic switching is made to the internal measuring point; with the setting "manual", an error message results.

#### Switching control to external sensor on or off manually

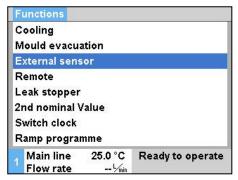


Fig. 36: Switching on the external sensor

#### NOTE!

Switching control to the external sensor on or off manually is only necessary when the parameter Switch over exernal sensor is set to "manual".

Proceed as follows in order to switch control to the external sensor on or off manually:

- 1. Display menu page Functions.
- 2. Select function External sensor and activate or deactivate with the W kev.

The activated function is indicated with the symbol.

#### **Production detection**

Setting ▶ Cor	ntroller	
Parameter D	external	11 s
Factor heating	g/cooling	20 K
Limitation hea	iting	100 %
Limitation cod	ling	100 %
Filter externa	l sensor	15.0 s
Level product	tion detec	tor 15 K
Ramp heating	į.	OFF
Ramp cooling		OFF
Main line Pressure	25.0 °C 0.0 bar	Ready to operate

Fig. 37: Level production detector

For applications with the sensor close to the cavity, physically caused temperature deviations due to production interruptions can occur. When production detection is switched on, switchover is made to main line control on production interruption. Temperature deviations are avoided.

Proceed as follows in order to switch production detection on and off:

- 1. Display the menu page Setting \ Controller.
- 2. Set parameter Level production detector to "15 K".



#### Sensor breakage external sensor

On breakage of the external sensor, with the setting Switch over exernal sensor "autom", automatic switching is made to the internal measuring point; with the setting "manual", an error message results.

#### 8.5.3 Mode 2nd nominal value

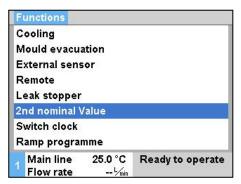


Fig. 38: 2. Switch on nominal value



#### NOTE!

The function 2nd nominal value is only displayed when the parameter Nominal value 2 on menu page Nominal values is set to a value greater than "0.0".

Switch on the mode 2nd nominal value as follows:

- 1. Display menu page Functions.
- 2. Select the parameter 2nd nominal value and activate with the key.

The activated function is indicated with the symbol.

→ The unit switches over to the mode 2nd nominal value. The nominal value 2 is used for the controller.

#### 8.5.4 Remote mode

In remote control mode the temperature control unit is controlled by external signals. Two types of external signal are supported.



#### NOTE!

For the pin assignment of the various interface cables  $\rightarrow$  page 123.

## External control connection (additional equipment ZB)

By means of a potential-free external contact, the temperature control unit can be

- switched on and off.
- switched between nominal value 1 and 2.
- the ramp programme can be switched on and off.



#### NOTICE!

The function Remote must not be switched on for external control.

#### Turn remote mode on or off

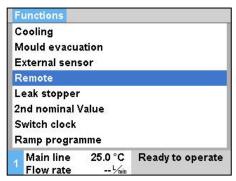


Fig. 39: Remote mode

Proceed as follows in order to switch the remote mode on and off:

- 1. Display menu page Functions.
- 2. Select the functionRemote and activate or deactivate with the key

The activated function is indicated with the symbol.

When the remote mode is switched on, the symbol appears on the basic display.



#### NOTE!

When the remote mode is active, all parameters and functions that are defined via the protocol are blocked at the unit.

#### Remote mode settings (additional equipment ZD, ZC, ZP, ZO)

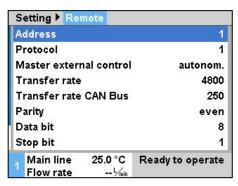


Fig. 40: Set address, protocol

Operation and monitoring of the temperature control unit can take place via the serial interface.

The following settings must be made in order to communicate with an external controller:

- 1. Display the menu page Setting \ Remote operation .
- 2. Set parameter Address to the desired value.
- 3. Set parameter Protocol to the desired value.



#### NOTE!

A set address may only exist once in a network.

## Network settings (Additional equipment ZO)



Fig. 41: Network settings

The following settings must be made in order to communicate with an external controller through the network (OPC UA):

- Select the menu page Setting \ Remote \ TCP/IP Configuration.
- 2. Make network settings.

If a DHCP server is available, the DHCP parameter must be set to "yes". Then an IP address will be automatically procured from the DHCP server.

If no DHCP server is available, the settings with the IP,Standard gateway and Subnet mask parameters must be set manually.



#### NOTICE!

The settings will be applied on leaving the menu. Any active connections will be automatically disconnected.

The OPC UA protocol is active and data can always be read regardless of the protocol set. In order to be able to write additional data, the OPC UA protocol 19 must be set and the remote operation must be activated.

Protocol	Used for
НВ	Internal communication (only use when setting is operate unit as module)
0	Recording text
1	Arburg, Billion, Bühler, Dr. Boy, Ferromatik Milacron, KraussMaffei, Negri Bossi, Sumitomo Demag, Wittmann Battenfeld, Zhafir
2	Sumitomo Demag (CAN)
4	Engel, Haitian
5	Stork
9	EUROMAP 66 (CANopen; Netstal, etc.)
14	MODBUS (RTU-Mode)
15	Profibus-DP
16	SPI (9600 8-N-1; 1. Adr. =1)
19	EUROMAP 82.1 (OPC UA)

# 8.6 Switching off

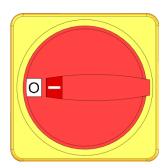


Fig. 42: Main switch

After use, switch the temperature control unit off as follows:

- 1. Press the key.
- → The temperature control unit cools until the main and return line temperature is lower than the set safety cut-off temperature.
- → Afterwards, a pressure release is carried out.
- → After this, the temperature control unit switches off. In the operating mode display, "Ready to operate" is indicated.
- 2. Turn the main switch to position "0".

# 8.6.1 Cooling down and switching off

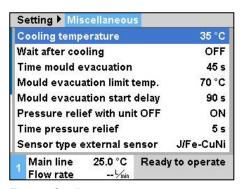


Fig. 43: Cooling temperature

Functions

Cooling

Mould evacuation
External sensor
Remote
Leak stopper
2nd nominal Value
Switch clock
Ramp programme

Main line 25.0 °C Ready to operate
Pressure 0.0 bar

Fig. 44: Switch on cooling

If necessary, before switching on the cooling, set the cooling temperature and the cooling duration:

- 1. Display the menu page Setting \ Miscellaneous.
- 2. Set parameter Cooling temperature to the desired value.
- 3. Set parameter Wait after cooling to the desired value.

Switch on cooling as follows:

- 1. Display menu page Functions.
- 2. Select the parameter Cooling and activate with the key.

  The activated function is indicated with the symbol.



#### NOTE!

If, after activating the cooling function, the mould evacuation function is activated, the unit carries out mould evacuation before the unit is switched off.

#### 8.6.2 Mould evacuation

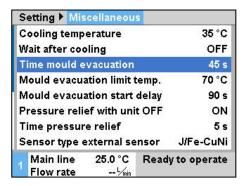


Fig. 45: Setting mould evacuation time

If necessary, before switching on mould evacuation, set the desired mould evacuation duration:

- 1. Display the menu page Setting \ Miscellaneous.
- 2. Set parameter Time mould evacuation to the desired value.

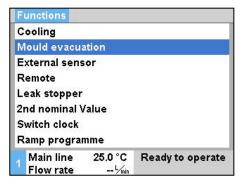


Fig. 46: Switch on mould evacuation

Switch on mould evacuation as follows:

- 1. Display menu page Functions.
- 2. Select the function Mould evacuation and activate with the kev.

The activated function is indicated with the symbol.

- Cooling down to 70 °C takes place before the mould evacuation process.
- → Consumers and supply hoses are sucked empty and depressurised.
- → Afterwards, the temperature control unit is switched off.



#### NOTICE!

Before opening connections between the temperature control unit and the consumer, check that the pressure is 0 bar.

The evacuation volume is led into the internal tank. If the external volume exceeds the expansion volume of the temperature control unit, then the external circuit will not be sucked empty when a mould is evacuated.

# 8.7 Emergency stop

# **Emergency stop**

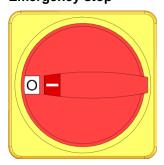


Fig. 47: Main switch

# After rescue measures

In dangerous situations, the unit must be stopped as quickly as possible and the power supply switched off.

Proceed as follows in a hazardous situation:

- 1. Turn the main switch to "0".
- 2. Disconnect from the mains or disconnect all phases of the external power supply and secure them against being switched on again.
- **3.** If necessary, bring people out of the danger area and carry out first-aid.
- **4.** If necessary, alert a doctor and the fire brigade.
- **5.** Inform the responsible person on site.
- **6.** If required by the severity of the emergency, inform the responsible authorities.
- 7. Commission qualified personnel to do the fault rectification.



#### **WARNING!**

# Danger of life due to premature re-activation!

On restarting there is a danger of fatal injury for people in the danger area.

Therefore:

Before restarting, ensure that there are no persons in the danger area.

8. Before recommissioning, check the unit for perfect functioning.

# 8.8 Define access rights

# 8.8.1 Set user profile

#### **Function**

In order to avoid operating error and to improve clarity, menus, functions and parameters are suppressed corresponding to the set user profile.

### Differentiating user profiles

A differentiation is made between the following user profiles.

User profile	Code	User/Characteristic
Standard	S	For the standard user
Enhanced	E	For the machine setter
Support	U	For the manufacturer and service personnel authorised by them

#### Set user profile

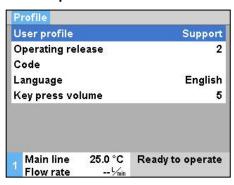


Fig. 48: User profile

The user profile can be set as follows:

- 1. Display menu page Profile .
- 2. Select parameter User profile.
- 3. Enter access code.
- 4. Set desired user profile.

# 8.8.2 Set operating release

#### **Function**

With the operating release level, it is determined which functions or values can be changed. If it is attempted to change locked values, a corresponding warning text appears on the display.

### Levels of operating release

Level	Operating release
0	No access
1	Access to functions
2	Access to nominal values
3	Access to settings and monitoring
4	Access to service

### Once-only operating release

- 1. Select locked parameter and press the key, warning text appears on the display.
- 2. Press the W key.
- 3. Enter access code.



#### NOTE!

The once-only operating release is valid until the basic display reappears.

#### Permanent operating release

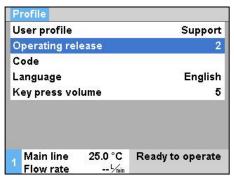


Fig. 49: Operating release

- 1. Display menu page Profile .
- 2. Select parameter Operating release and press the W key.
- 3. Enter access code.
- 4. Set parameter Operating release to the desired value.

# 8.8.3 Change access code

The access code is a four-digit numeral and comprises the numbers 1, 2, 3 and 4.

When the unit is delivered, the access code is 1234.



#### NOTE!

For protection against misuse of the unit, change the access code immediately after commissioning. If the current code is lost, please contact the nearest HB-Therm representative.

#### Change access code

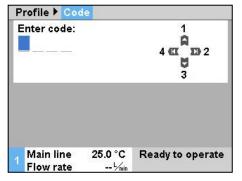


Fig. 50: Enter code

To change the access code:

- 1. Display menu page Profile.
- 2. Select the parameter Code and press the W key.
- 3. Enter existing access code.
- 4. Enter new access code.
- 5. Confirm new access code.

# 8.9 Settings

### 8.9.1 Setting time zone, date and time

### Set time zone

By default, date and time of the unit are set to Central European Time (CET) at delivery. To accommodate for different time zones, date and time must be set manually before commissioning. In this case, please proceed as follows:

- 1. Open the Setting \ Date / Time menu page.
- 2. Set the Time zone parameter to the appropriate time zone.

If the required time zone is not available in the parameter list, date and time will have to be set as follows:

- 1. Open the Setting \ Date / Time menu page.
- 2. Set the Time parameter to the appropriate value.
- 3. Set the Date parameter to the appropriate value.



#### NOTICE!

If the required time zone is not available, then switching between summer and winter time will have to be done manually.

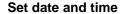




Fig. 51: Setting date / time

# Set switching to summer and winter time

For the selectable time zones, switching between summer and winter time is done automatically.

Set the following to suppress the automatic switch:

- 1. Open the Setting \ Date / Time menu page.
- 2. Set the Switch to summer/winter parameter to "manual".

# 8.9.2 Define internal measuring points

#### **Function**

Main and return line sensors are integrated in the temperature control unit as standard.

One of these two measuring points is fed to the internal controller as the actual value.

# Pre-selection of internal temperature sensor

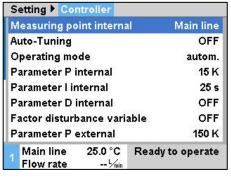


Fig. 52: Setting internal measuring point

Proceed as follows to switch over the internal temperature sensor:

- 1. Display the menu page Setting \ Controller.
- 2. Set parameter Measuring point internal to the desired value.

#### 8.9.3 Set switch clock

#### **Function**

With the switch clock, the temperature control unit can be switched on and off at pre-programmed times and days.

#### Turn switch clock on or off.

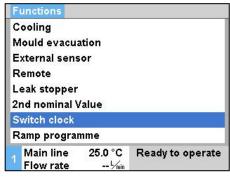


Fig. 53: Turn switch clock on or off.

#### Proceed as follows in order to turn the switch clock on or off:

- 1. Display menu page Functions.
- 2. Select the function Switch clock and activate or deactivate with the kev.

The activated function is indicated with the symbol.

- → As soon as the set switch-on or switch-off time has been reached, the unit automatically switches on or off.
- → The active switch clock is indicated with the symbol on the basic display.

# Programme switch-on and switch-off times

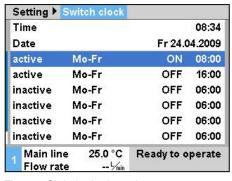
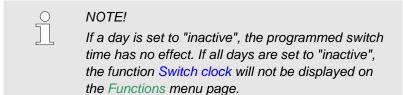


Fig. 54: Switch clock settings

Proceed as follows in order to programme the switch-on and switch-off times for one day:

- 1. Display the menu page Setting \ Switch clock.
- 2. Set parameter Day to the desired day(s).
- **3.** Set parameter Switch time to the desired time for the selected day.



### 8.9.4 Set ramp programme

#### **Function**

With the ramp programme, a defined temperature profile comprising up to ten steps can be run. When the ramp programme runs, the nominal value continuously changes corresponding to the temperatures and times defined per programme step.

#### Set ramp programme

Setting	Ramp progra	ımme 📉	
Criterion	ramp progran	nme	Nominal
End ram	p programme		OFF
Step 1	active	40.0 °C	01:00
Step 2	active	49.0°C	00:10
Step 3	inactive	0.0 °C	00:00
Step 4	inactive	0.0 °C	00:00
Step 5	inactive	0.0 °C	00:00
Step 6	inactive	0.0 °C	00:00
Main I Flow r		Ready	to operate

Fig. 55: Ramp programme settings

Proceed as follows in order to set the ramp programme individually:

- 1. Display the menu page Setting \ Ramp programme.
- 2. Set parameter Criterion ramp programme to the desired value.
- Criterion ramp programme defines whether the temperature has to reach only the nominal value or also the actual value before switching to the next step.
- 3. Set parameter End ramp programme to the desired value.
- End ramp programme defines the procedure after conclusion of the ramp programme.

"OFF" → Switch unit off

"Restart" → continue with step 1

"Go on" → continue with the last nominal value

4. Set the desired Temperature and Time for each step.

#### NOTE!

If a step is set to "inactive", the programmed values have no effect on the ramp programme. If all steps are set to "inactive", the ramp programme will not be displayed in the Functions menu.

#### Switch on ramp programme

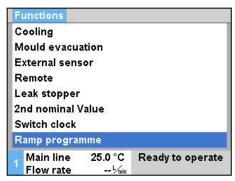


Fig. 56: Ramp programme

Proceed as follows in order to switch on the ramp programme:

- 1. Display menu page Functions.
- Select the function Ramp programme and activate or deactivate with the key.

The activated function is indicated with the symbol.

→ The ramp programme begins with step 1. In the basic display, the symbol programme step number.



#### NOTE!

The ramp programme can also be switched on and off via an external potential-free contact (additional equipment ZB)

#### Interrupt ramp programme

Proceed as follows in order to interrupt the running ramp programme:

- 1. Display menu page Functions.
- 2. Select the function Ramp BREAK and activate or deactivate with the key.

The activated function is indicated with the symbol.

# 8.10 Process monitoring

# 8.10.1 Limit value monitoring

#### **Function**

After each unit start-up, the limit values for process monitoring are automatically determined and set in the standard settings according to the set monitoring level.



#### NOTICE!

If the limit values have not been set, the operating mode indicator flashes green.

#### **Cancelling monitoring**

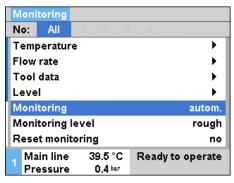


Fig. 57: Monitoring

If automatic limit value calculation is not desired, make the following setting:

- 1. Open menu page Monitoring.
- 2. Set parameter Monitoring to "manual" or "OFF".



#### NOTICE!

If monitoring is set to "OFF", the process will not be monitored. This can lead to unnecessary connections.

# Reference values for manual limit value settings

The following limit values can be used for support:

Reference value for	Temperature deviation	Temperature difference
Precision parts	3–5 K	2–3 K
Non-precision parts	5–10 K	3–5 K

Reset monitoring

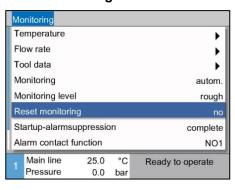


Fig. 58: Reset monitoring

Proceed as follows in order to automatically adjust the limit values during operation:

- 1. Open menu page Monitoring.
- 2. Set parameter Reset monitoring to "yes".
- 3. Press the key .



# NOTICE!

Limit values that are set to "OFF" will not be adjusted.

# Set monitoring level

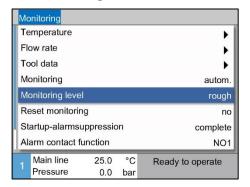


Fig. 59: Monitoring level

The tolerance range is determined with the parameter Monitoring level and can be adapted as follows:

- 1. Display menu page Monitoring.
- 2. Set parameter Monitoring level to "fine", "middle" or "rough".

The limit values for temperature, flow rate and pressure are calculated according to the following table:

Designation	Monitoring level						Basis	
	fine		middle		rough			
	Factor	min	Factor	min	Factor	min		
Upper dev. nominal/actual	0.01	1.0 K	0.05	5.0 K	0.1	10 K	Nominal temperature	
Lower dev. nominal/actual	0.01	1.0 K	0.05	5.0 K	0.1	10 K		
Difference main/return line	1.1	1.0 K	1.5	5.0 K	2.0	10 K	Difference main and return line	
Diff. main line/external	1.1	1.0 K	1.5	5.0 K	2.0	10 K	Difference main line/external	
Flow rate internal max.	1.2	-	1.4	-	1.7	-	Flow rate internal	
Flow rate internal min.	0.8	0.5 l/min	0.6	0.5 l/min	0.3	0.5 l/min		
Flow rate external 18 max.	1.2	-	1.4	-	1.7	-	Flow rate external 18	
Flow rate external 18 min.	0.8	0.5 l/min	0.6	0.5 l/min	0.3	0.5 l/min		

#### 8.10.2 Monitor pump wear

Function (additional equipment ZU)

With pump wear monitoring, the condition of the pump is constantly monitored. On falling below the defined value for parameter Pump condition min., the system issues a warning message and this is indicated on the basic display with the \$\insigheq\$\$ symbol.

#### Display current pump condition

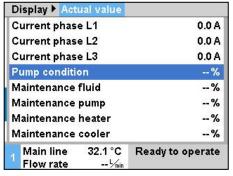
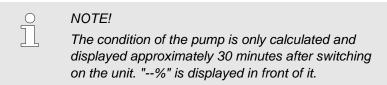


Fig. 60: Pump condition

### The current pump condition is displayed as follows:

- 1. Display the menu page Display \ Actual value.
- 2. Read off the value for parameter Pump condition.



#### Set pump condition limit value

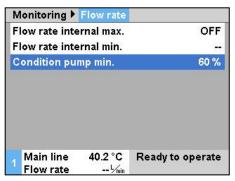


Fig. 61: Pump condition limit value min.

Proceed as follows in order to set the limit value for pump condition:

- 1. Display the menu page Monitoring \ Flow rate.
- 2. Set parameter Pump condition min. to the desired value.

### 8.10.3 Level monitoring

#### **Function**

Level monitoring checks continually the level in the internal tank. If the level exceeds the advance warning stage, then an advance warning is emitted. If the level in the tank falls below the minimum, then an alarm is emitted and the unit is turned off.

# Setting the limit value of level advance warning

To set the limit value Level premonition, proceed as follows:

- 1. Open menu page Monitoring\ Level.
- 2. Set parameter Level premonition to the desired value.

# 8.10.4 Optimise controller

#### **Function**

Optimisation of the regulation parameters is triggered automatically after determining a change in the temperature control circuit or on detection of abnormal regulation.

Normally, manual setting of the regulation parameter is not necessary.

#### **Automatic controller optimisation**

Temperature fluctuations may occur during automatic controller optimisation. The optimisation process is indicated on the basic display with the  $\hat{A}T$  symbol.

If the cooling or heating capacity is insufficinet to carry out controller optimisation, then this will be aborted after 30 minutes.



#### NOTE!

If, despite controller optimisation, the regulation quality is inadequate, please contact the nearest HB-Therm representative (→ www-hb-therm.ch).

# 8.11 Explorer window

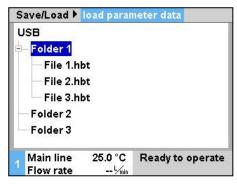


Fig. 62: Example Explorer window

The Explorer window displays the directories and files on the inserted USB data carrier.

- Directories with + are opened with the + key.
- Directories with □ are closed with the 【 key.

# NOTE! Depending on the number of files and directories on the USB data carrier, it can take several minutes before the directory structure is displayed.

NOTE!

From the operating panel it is not possible to create, delete or process directories on the USB data carrier.

### 8.12 Save/Load

#### **Function**

With the menu page Save/Load, various data can be saved to a USB data carrier or loaded from a USB data carrier. With this function, it is possible to transfer data from one unit to another unit.

In case of failure, the service information can be stored on an USB device for fault diagnosis by a representative of HB-Therm.



#### **WARNING!**

### Damage due to wrong settings!

Loading wrong parameter or configuration data can lead to malfunction or total breakdown.

#### Therefore:

Only load data that is intended for the unit.



#### NOTICE!

The relevant user profile is saved in the file when saving the parameter.

During the subsequent charging, only the relevant parameter with the profile saved and its subordinates is charged.



#### NOTICE!

Only FAT32 formatted USB data carriers are supported.

#### Saving data

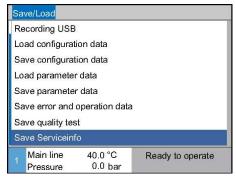


Fig. 63 Saving data

Proceed as follows in order to save data from the unit to a USB data carrier:

- 1. Display menu page Save/Load.
- 2. Connect USB data carrier to front connector.
- 4. In the Explorer window, select the directory and confirm with
- → The file is saved to the selected directory on the USB data carrier.



#### NOTICE!

Saving service information includes all service relevant data (configuration-, parameter etc.) that are necessary for a fault diagnosis.

#### Loading data

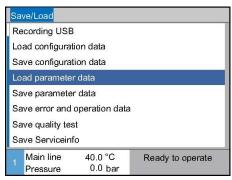


Fig. 64 Loading data

2. Connect USB data carrier to front connector.

Display menu page Save/Load.

data carrier:

1.

3. Select the data to be loaded and confirm with the W key.

Proceed as follows in order to load data to the unit from a USB

- 4. In the Explorer window, select the directory and file and confirm with OK.
- → The data is loaded to the unit. If loaded values are outside the permissible range, then these are reset to the standard settings.

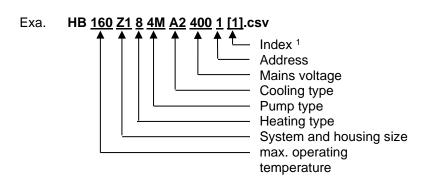
File name

Serviceinfo

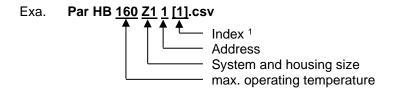
The unit automatically creates file names on the USB data carrier according to the following examples:



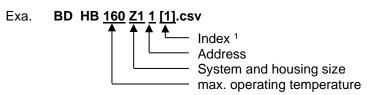
**Configuration data** 



#### Parameter data



### **Error and Operation data**



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>An index is automatically added when the file name already exists.

#### 8.12.1 Tool data

#### **Function**

A maximum of 10 tool data sets with defined tool-specific parameters can be stored in the unit.

#### **Tool-specific parameters**

A tool data set comprises the following parameters:

Parameter	Comment
Tool No.	Tool name, max. 7 characters
Nominal value 1	
Upper dev. nominal/actual	
Lower dev. nominal/actual	
Difference main/return line	
Difference main	
line/external	
Flow rate internal max.	
Flow rate internal min.	

#### Save tool data

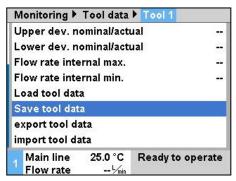


Fig. 65: Save tool data

Proceed as follows in order to save the current limit value settings (temperature and flow rate) as well as nominal value 1 to the selected tool data set:

- Display menu page Monitoring \ Tool data \ Tool 1..10.
- Select the parameter Save tool data and confirm with the 2.



The limit values (temperature and flow rate) and nominal value 1 are saved to the selected tool data set.

#### Load tool data

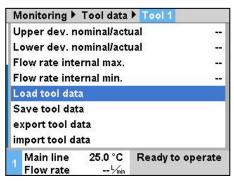


Fig. 66: Load tool data

Proceed as follows in order to load the selected tool data set as limit values (temperature and flow rate) or nominal value 1:

- 1. Display menu page Monitoring \ Tool data \ Tool 1..10.
- 2. Select parameter Load tool data.
- Press the W key. 3.
- $\rightarrow$ The parameters from the selected tool data set are loaded as limit values or nominal value 1.
- Parameters that are set to "--" will not be loaded.



#### NOTE!

When loading tool data, monitoring is automatically set to "manual".

#### **Export tool data**

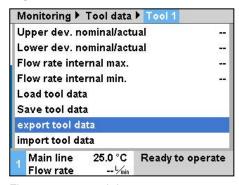


Fig. 67: export tool data

#### Import tool data

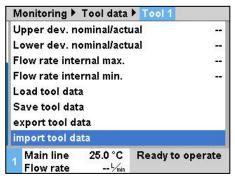


Fig. 68: Import tool data

Proceed as follows in order to export the selected tool data set to a USB data carrier:

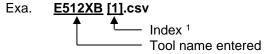
- 1. Connect USB data carrier to front connector.
- 2. Display menu page Monitoring \ Tool data \ Tool 1..10.
- 3. Select the parameter Export tool data and confirm with the kev.
- 4. In the Explorer window, select the directory and confirm with
- → The file is saved to the selected directory on the USB data carrier.

Proceed as follows in order to import the selected tool data set from a USB data carrier:

- 1. Connect USB data carrier to front connector.
- 2. Display menu page Monitoring \ Tool data \ Tool 1..10.
- 3. Select the parameter Import tool data and confirm with the key.
- 4. In the Explorer window, select the directory and confirm with
- → The data will be written to the tool data set in the unit.

#### File name

The following file name is created on the USB data carrier when exporting or can be loaded when importing.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> An index is automatically added when the file name already exists.

# 8.12.2 Recording actual data

#### **Function**

When the Record USB function is activated, the values selected in Setting \ Recording USB are written to the USB data carrier.- A new recording file is created each day. If saving to the USB data carrier is not possible, a corresponding warning is displayed.-

#### Start recording

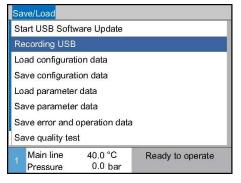
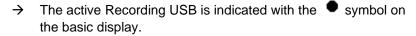


Fig. 69: Recording USB

Proceed as follows to start recording actual data to a USB data carrier:

- 1. Display menu page Save/Load.
- 2. Connect USB data carrier to front connector.
- Select the Recording USB function and confirm with the key.
   The function activated is indicated with the symbol.

→ The data is saved to the USB data carrier.



#### Stop recording

Proceed as follows to stop an active recording:

- 1. Display menu page Save/Load.
- 2. Select the Recording USB function and confirm with the key.
- → The USB data carrier can be removed.

#### Set recording interval

Proceed as follows to set the recording interval:

- 1. Display the menu page Settings \ Recording USB
- 2. Set parameter Cycle serial recording to the desired value.

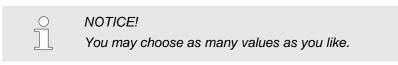


#### Select values

Proceed as follows to choose the values to be recorded:

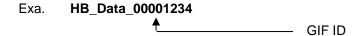
- 1. Display the menu page Settings \ Recording USB
- 2. Select the desired value and confirm with the key.

  The active value is indicated with the symbol.

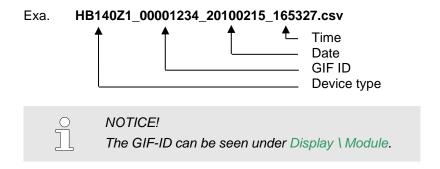


#### File name

For each unit, a separate directory is automatically generated on the USB data carrier and the recording files are written in it.-



The unit automatically creates file names on the USB data carrier according to the following examples:



# Visualize the data recorded

To visualize and prepare the actual data recorded, the VIP (Visualisation programme – Recording of actual values) software can be downloaded from <a href="https://www.hb-therm.ch">www.hb-therm.ch</a>.

# 9 Maintenance

# 9.1 Safety

#### **Personnel**

- Maintenance tasks described here can be performed by the operator, unless otherwise indicated.
- Some maintenance tasks must only be carried out by qualified personnel or by the manufacturer exclusively. If this is required, it is pointed out separately in the description of the respective faults.
- As a rule, work on the electrical system must only be carried out by certified electricians.
- Work on the hydraulic system must only be carried out by qualified hydraulics technicians.

### Personal protective equipment

Wear the following protective equipment for all maintenance/repair work:

- Safety goggles
- Protective gloves
- Safety shoes
- Protective clothing



#### NOTE!

For specific work, the warning notices in this chapter draw special attention to further protective equipment.

#### Special dangers

The following dangers exist:

- Danger of fatal injury by electric current.
- Risk of burns due to hot materials.
- Risk of burns due to hot surfaces.
- Danger of crushing due to rolling away or tipping.

# Maintenance / repair work carried out improperly



# WARNING!

Danger of injury due to maintenance / repair work carried out improperly!

Improper maintenance / repair work can lead to severe personal injury or material damage.

#### Therefore:

- Before starting work, ensure that there is sufficient space for assembly.
- When assemblies are removed, observe correct assembly, re-assemble all fixing elements and observe screw torque specifications.

# 9.2 Open the unit

The unit has to be opened for specific maintenance work.

- Only to be carried out by a specialist or instructed person.
- Necessary tools (depending on unit status):
  - Torx screwdriver.
  - Hexagon or flat-bladed screwdriver.



#### DANGER!

### Danger of death by electric current!

Live parts are dangerous. Contact with high voltages causes injury or death.

#### Therefore:

- Work on the electrical system must only be carried out by certified electricians.
- For all work on the electrical system, for maintenance, cleaning or repair work, disconnect from the mains or disconnect all phases of the external power supply and secure them against being switched on again.
- Check unit is isolated from power supply.



#### **WARNING!**

# Safety risk due to wrongly mounted or missing insulation!

Wrongly mounted or missing insulation can lead to overheating or total breakdown.

#### Therefore:

Remount all insulation correctly.



#### **WARNING!**

# Risk of fire due to insulation soaked with heat transfer oil!

There is risk of fire with insulations soaked with heat transfer oil.

#### Therefore:

- Keep the insulation in the temperature control unit clean.
- Immediately replace insulation soaked with heat transfer oil.



Fig. 70: Loosen screws



Fig. 71: Remove cover plate



Fig. 72: Pull side plate upwards



Fig. 73: Pull out the side plate

# Access to electrical part

**1.** Use a screwdriver to loosen and remove the screw in the cover plate.

2. Pull the cover plate approx. 1 cm to the rear and lift off upwards.

**3.** Pull the side plate slightly upwards.

**4.** Pull the side plate upwards at a slight angle out of the securing straps and remove it.

Access to the electrical part is obtained by hinging down the front panel.

### 9.3 Maintenance schedule

The next paragraphs describe the maintenance work necessary for optimum and trouble-free operation.

If, during regular checks, increased wear is detected, then the required maintenance intervals are to be reduced corresponding to the actual signs of wear.

For questions concerning maintenance work and intervals, please contact the HB-Therm representative ( $\rightarrow$  www.hb-therm.ch).

The pump, heating and cooler components are subject to the integrated maintenance interval.

The progress of the upcoming maintenance work is displayed under Display \ Actual value in percent. If one of these maintenance intervals reaches 100 %, the symbol — in the standard display will indicate that maintenance is required. After doing maintenance work, reset the corresponding maintenance interval under Display \ Actual value with the key.

Interval	Assembly / Component	Maintenance work	Carried out by
quarterly	Cooling water filter	Clean	Operator
or ~1000 h	Return line filter	Clean	Operator
	Pump air filter	Clean	Operator
	Front panel filter	Clean	Operator
	Screw connectors	Check for firm seating and damage	Qualified
		If necessary tighten or replace	personnel
	Seals	Check for damage	Qualified
		Replace if necessary	personnel
half-yearly	Pump	Check for wear (→ page 101)	Qualified
or ~2000 h		If necessary clean or replace	personnel
	Heating	Check for blockages and deposits	Qualified
		If necessary clean or replace	personnel
	Valves	Check for contamination	Qualified
		If necessary clean or replace	personnel
	Cooler	Check for blockages and deposits	Qualified
		If necessary clean or replace	personnel
	Heat transfer medium	Check for contamination	Qualified
		If necessary replace	personnel

Interval	Assembly / Component	Maintenance work	Carried out by
Every 1½ years or ~6000 h	Hydraulic hose lines (internal) 1)	Check for damage on outer sheath and in the sealing area	Hydraulic specialist
		Replace if necessary	Hydraulic specialist
	Temperature limiter main line	Check fixing	Certified electrician
		Tighten if necessary	Certified electrician
	Electrical wiring	Check electrical wiring for damage to outer sheath	Certified electrician
		Replace if necessary	Certified electrician
	Temperature measurement	Check accuracy of temperature measurement (→ page 102)	Qualified personnel
	Pressure measurement	Check accuracy of pressure measurement (→ page 103)	Qualified personnel

<sup>1)</sup> The maintenance of external hoses is to be carried out according to the manufacturer's instructions.

# 9.4 Maintenance tasks

# 9.4.1 Cleaning



# CAUTION! Risk of burns due to hot surfaces!

Contact with hot parts can cause burns.

#### Therefore:

- Wait for the unit to cool down, depressurise it and switch it off.
- Before carrying out any work, ensure that all parts have cooled down to ambient temperature.

Clean the unit under the following conditions:

- Only clean the outer parts of the unit with a soft, moist cloth.
- Do not use any aggressive cleaning agents.

# 9.4.2 Pump

### Check the pump

Only to be carried out by a specialist



#### DANGER!

# Danger of fatal injury from magnetic field!

The strong magnetic field in the vicinity of the magnetic drive pump can be life-threatening for people with pacemakers.

#### Therefore:

 Ensure that people with pacemakers do not carry out any maintenance work which would result in dismantling the magnetic coupling (replacing the pump head, replacing the seal on the containment can).



#### NOTICE!

When pumps are fully assembled, the magnetic fields are shielded completely by the components which surround them and there is no danger, either when the pump is idling or in operation.

#### **Necessary equipment**

Test control unit for quality control (condition of the pump), further information under <u>www.hb-therm.ch</u>.



#### NOTICE!

No test control unit is required if there is a built-in pump wear monitor (ZU).

#### Impeller

- Checking the condition of the pump → page 86
- If there is no built-in pump wear monitor
- → use the test control unit for quality control.

**Seals** 

Carry out a visual inspection of the pump for impermeability.

### **Engine mount**

- Idling: Check free movement of the mount
- In operation: Check engine noise

# 9.4.3 Temperature measurement

Check the accuracy of the temperature measurement

Only to be carried out by a specialist.

### **Necessary equipment**

- Main and return line connecting hoses with built-in temperature sensor (minimum inner diameter 8 mm, maximum length 1 m)
- Fully tested temperature measuring instrument released for the reference measurement (calibrated to the temperature sensor used).
- Test protocol to document the measured values
- Optionally, test equipment can be used for the temperature measurement. Further information under www.hb-therm.ch

# Procedure for temperature measurement internal temperature sensor

- 1. Connect main and return line connecting hoses between the main and return line connections.
- 2. Switch on temperature control unit.
- 3. Set nominal value to 80 °C.
- **4.** Wait until the required temperature has been reached and remains constant.
- **5.** Read off the main and return line temperature displayed on the unit and compare with the temperature indicated on the reference measuring instrument.

# Procedure for temperature measurement external temperature sensor

- 1. Connect external temperature sensor to unit.
- 2. Hold the external temperature sensor in a temperature reference bath at 80 °C.
- 3. Switch on temperature control unit.
- **4.** Read off the external temperature displayed on the unit and compare with the reference bath temperature.

#### Calibrate temperature sensor

- With a deviation of <3 °C, the temperature measurement lies within the tolerance range.
- With a deviation of >3 °C, the temperature sensor in the unit must be checked. With larger linear errors, the individual temperature sensors can be calibrated on menu page Service \ Calibration \ Temperature.

If you have any questions, please contact your nearest HB-Therm - representative (→ www.hb-therm.ch).

### 9.4.4 Pressure measurement

### (additional equipment ZU)

Check the accuracy of the pressure measurement

Only to be carried out by a specialist.

#### **Necessary equipment**

- no special equipment
- Optionally, test equipment can be used for the pressure measurement. Further information under www.hb-therm.ch

#### **Procedure**

- **1.** Switch off the temperature control unit by means of mould evacuation.
- 2. Uncouple consumers on main and return lines.
- 3. Manometer pressure indicator must indicate 0 bar +0.3 bar.
- **4.** Main line pressure on menu page Display \ Actual value must indicate 0.0 bar ±0.1 bar.
- → With a deviation of >0.1 bar, the pressure sensor must be calibrated. On menu page Service \ Calibration \ Pressure, calibrate parameter Pressure sensor 2 offset.

# 9.4.5 Software update

Proceed as follows in order to install a new user programme on an individual unit:

 $\bigcap_{i=1}^{n}$ 

#### NOTICE!

For single units that are operated as a module (→ page 66) for software version SW51-2\_1452 only GIF-51 is updated. From software version SW51-2\_1452, USR-51 is updated additionally.



#### NOTICE!

The "gba03Usr.upd", "SW51-1\_xxxx.upd" or "SW51-2\_xxxx.upd" software must be in the root of the data carrier. It may not be stored in a folder.



#### NOTICE!

During the software update, the Thermo-5 unit or the Panel-5 control model and all products connected to them may not be switched off.

### **Necessary tools:**

- USB data carrier with the current software
- → The latest software can be acquired from the HB-Therm representative (→ www.hb-therm.ch).



#### NOTICE!

Only USB data carriers in FAT32 format are supported.

### Run software update

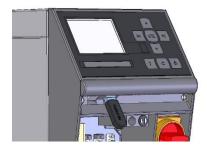


Fig. 74: Connect USB data carrier

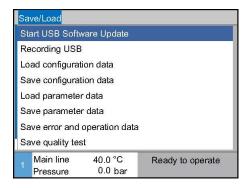


Fig. 75: Start USB software update

# Checking the software version

- 1. Switch on main switch.
- 2. Connect USB data carrier (Fig. 74).
- 3. Display menu page Profile.
- 4. Set parameter User profile to "Enhanced".
- 5. Display menu page Save/Load.
- **6.** Select function Start USB Software Update and confirm with the key.
- → The data is loaded from the USB data carrier to the memory in the USR-51. Do not disconnect the USB connection.
- → Conclusion of data transfer is indicated on the display. The USB connection can now be disconnected.
- → The new software is written to the USR-51 flash. On completion, an automatic restart is initiated.
- **7.** If required, the USB connection must be re-established to install further data.
- → If necessary, the new software is written to the connected GIF-51, DFM-51 or VFC-51 after the restart. This process can take a few minutes. On completion, another restart takes place.
- → The message *Ready to operate* appears on the display.
- 1. In the basic display, press the 🎏 key.
- → The current software version appears at the top right.

# 9.4.6 Gain access to components

#### **Heating element**

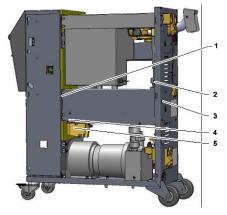


Fig. 76: Removing the heating element

To gain access to components and to replace these, if necessary, the unit must first be opened ( $\rightarrow$  page 96).

- 1. Completely empty the temperature control unit.
- 2. Remove fixing screws (4) at the side of the heating brace.
- 3. Detach brass block (5) from the heating element.
- 4. Loosen screws (2)
- **5.** Remove fixing screws (3) of the heating element at the rear wall.
- **6.** Remove fixing screws (1) of the heating element to the control box.
- 7. Swivel heating outwards outwards and pullout downwards.

#### Cooling valve 1



Fig. 77: Remove cooling valve 1

- 1. Completely empty the temperature control unit.
- 2. Loosen the flange screws on the drive.
- 3. Turn the drive slightly (1) and move out.
- 4. Remove cooling valve 1.

#### **Unit board**

- 1. Disconnect the mains plug from the mains supply.
- **2.** Loosen the screws in the front panel.
- 3. Hinge down the front panel.

# **Faults**

# 10 Faults

The following chapter describes possible causes of malfunctions and what to do to remove them.

In the case of increased disturbances, reduce the maintenance intervals according to the actual burden.

In the case of faults, which can not be remedied by the following instructions, contact the HB-Therm representative (→ www.hb-therm.ch). For error diagnoses, service information can be saved to a USB data carrier and sent to the HB-Therm representative (→ page 89).

# 10.1 Safety

#### **Personnel**

- Tasks for troubleshooting described here can be performed by the operator, unless otherwise indicated.
- Some tasks must only be carried out by qualified personnel or by the manufacturer exclusively. If this is required, it is pointed out separately in the description of the respective faults.
- As a rule, work on the electrical system must only be carried out by certified electricians.
- Work on the hydraulic system must only be carried out by qualified hydraulics technicians.

#### Personal protective equipment

Wear the following protective equipment for all maintenance/repair work:

- Safety goggles
- Protective gloves
- Safety shoes
- Protective clothing



#### NOTE!

For specific work, the warning notices in this chapter draw special attention to further protective equipment.

#### Special dangers

The following dangers exist:

- Danger of fatal injury by electric current.
- Risk of burns due to hot materials.
- Risk of burns due to hot surfaces.
- Danger of crushing due to rolling away or tipping.

### **Faults**

# Maintenance / repair work carried out improperly



#### WARNING!

# Danger of injury due to maintenance / repair work carried out improperly!

Improper maintenance / repair work can lead to severe personal injury or material damage.

#### Therefore:

- Before starting work, ensure that there is sufficient space for assembly.
- When assemblies are removed, observe correct assembly, re-assemble all fixing elements and observe screw torque specifications.

#### In case of faults:

The following general rules apply:

- 1. In the event of faults that pose immediate danger to man or machine, activate the emergency shutoff function immediately.
- 2. Determine cause of fault.
- **3.** If elimination of the fault requires working in the danger zone, switch off unit and secure against being switched on again.
- **4.** Immediately inform the person in charge at the equipment location of the fault.
- **5.** Depending on the type of fault, eliminate the fault or have it eliminated by an authorized specialist.



#### NOTE!

The chapter "Troubleshooting" below provides information on who is authorised to eliminate the fault.

#### 10.2 Fault indications

#### 10.2.1 Fault indication display

A differentiation is made between four alarm levels that are indicated; on the display in the status bar according to the following table:

Level	Characteristic	Display	Heating element	Pump	Cooling	Acknow- ledgement	Alarm output
0	Limit values have been exceeded. The transgression has an influence on the heating system of the unit.	yellow	off	-	-	not compulsory	-
1	Limit values have been exceeded. The transgression has no influence on the operational safety of the unit.	yellow	-	-	-	not compulsory	Horn Alarm contact Interface
2	Limit values have been exceeded. The transgression has an influence on the heating system of the unit.	red	off	-	-	compulsory	Horn Alarm contact Interface
3	Limit values have been exceeded. The transgression has a direct influence on the operational safety of the unit.	red	off	off	off	compulsory	Horn Alarm contact Interface

On faults of alarm levels 1 - 3:

- → Horn, alarm contact (additional equipment ZB) are activated and the alarm is transmitted to the interface (additional equipment ZD, ZC, ZP).
- $\rightarrow$   $\Rightarrow$   $\Rightarrow$   $\Rightarrow$  is displayed in the symbol field.
- 1. Acknowledge horn with the key.
- ightarrow Alarm imes ightarrow is displayed in the symbol field .
- 2. Determine the cause of a fault. If required, contact the HB-Therm representative (→ www.hb-therm.ch).
- 3. Acknowledge alarm with the key

#### 10.3 Determine the cause of a fault

#### Cause of a fault

Proceed as follows to identify the possible causes for a current fault indication:

1. Press the key to display the online help for the pending fault indication.

#### **Fault overview**

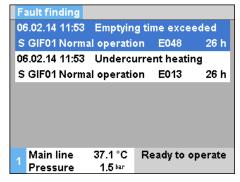


Fig. 78: Logbook Alarms

You can display the last 10 fault indications that occurred as follows:

- 1. Open the Fault finding menu page.
- → The fault indications overview is displayed. Fault indications marked with "S" occurred during the start-up phase of the temperature control unit.
- 2. Select desired fault indication.
- 3. Press the key.
- → The online help is displayed for the selected fault indication.

# 10.4 Troubleshooting chart

Fault	Possible cause	Rectification	Rectified by
Undercurrent heater or	Not connected to the correct mains voltage	Connect to the correct mains voltage	Certified electrician
Overcurrent heater	Plug connections not correctly	Check plug connections	Certified
	connected or broken	Where applicable, connect properly or replace	electrician
	Semiconductor relay defective	Replace semiconductor relay	Certified electrician
	Heater defective	Repair or replace heater	Certified electrician
Undercurrent pump or	Not connected to the correct mains voltage	Connect to the correct mains voltage	Certified electrician
Overcurrent pump	Pump defective	Repair or replace pump	Qualified personnel
Phase missing	Mains connection not made correctly	Make mains connection properly	Certified electrician
Overtemperature circuit	Cooling water connection not made correctly.	Make the cooling water connection properly.	Qualified personnel
	Cooling valve 1 defective.	Check cooling valve 1, replace if necessary	Qualified personnel
	Temperature sensor not calibrated properly.	Calibrate temperature sensor.	Qualified personnel
	Temperature sensor defective.	Replace temperature sensor.	Qualified personnel
Fliing level too low	no heat transfer oil in tank	Check level, top up if necessary	Operator
No flow rate available or	Filter in main or return line contaminated.	Clean filter in main or return line.	Qualified personnel
Flow rate too low	Parameter Flow rate internal min. set too low.	Increase Flow rate internal min. (when flow rate too low).	Operator
	Quick-release connectors used are closed or blocked.	Check quick-release connectors, clean or replace as necessary.	Qualified personnel
	Hose connections kinked.	Rectify kinks in hose connections.	Operator
	Consumer blocked.	Check consumer, clean as necessary.	Qualified personnel

Fault	Possible cause	Rectification	Rectified by	
Upper temperature deviation	Cooling water connection not made correctly.	Make the cooling water connection properly.	Operator	
	Parameter Upper dev. nominal/actual too low	Increase parameter Upper dev. nominal/actual	Operator	
	Regulation parameter not Optimise regulation parameter. optimally set.		Qualified personnel	
Lower temperature deviation	Parameter Lower dev. nominal/actual set too low	Increase parameter Lower dev. nominal/actual	Operator	
	Regulation parameter not optimally set	Optimise regulation parameter	Qualified personnel	
	Cooling valve 1 or cooling valve 2 defective	Check cooling valve 1 or cooling valve 2, replace if necessary	Qualified personnel	
	Heating capacity insufficient	Check required heating capacity	Qualified personnel	
		Check heater, replace if necessary		

# 10.5 Startup after eliminating fault

After remedying the fault, the following steps should be taken to restart the system:

- 1. Reset the Emergency Off devices.
- 2. Acknowledge the fault at the control unit.
- 3. Ensure that no one is in the danger zone.
- **4.** Start up in accordance with the instructions in the "Operating" chapter.

## **Disposal**

# 11 Disposal

## 11.1 Safety

#### **Personnel**

- Disposal must only be carried out by qualified personnel.
- Work on the electrical system must only be carried out by certified electricians.
- Work on the hydraulic system must only be carried out by qualified hydraulics technicians.

## 11.2 Disposal of materials

Once the end of the useful life has been reached, the unit must be disposed of in an environmentally compatible manner.

As long as no return or disposal agreement was made, dismantled constituent parts are to be recycled:

- Metals should be scrapped.
- Plastic elements should be passed on for recycling.
- Other materials should be sorted and disposed of according to material composition.



#### **ATTENTION!**

#### **Environmental pollution on wrong disposal!**

Electrical waste, electronic components, grease and other additives are subject to the treatment of special refuse and may only be disposed of by approved specialised companies.

The local authority or specialised disposal companies can give information on environmentally compatible disposal.

## **Spare parts**

# 12 Spare parts



#### WARNING!

#### Safety risk due to wrong spare parts!

Wrong or defective spare parts can impair safety as well as leading to damage, malfunctions or total breakdown.

#### Therefore:

Only use original spare parts from the manufacturer.

Purchase spare parts through the HB-Therm representative ( $\rightarrow$  www.hb-therm.ch).

The spare parts list can be found in Appendix B of this operating manual.

On use of non-approved spare parts, any guarantee or service claims are forfeited.

# 12.1 Ordering spare parts

When ordering spare parts, always indicate:

- The designation and ID No. of the spare part.
- Amount and unit.

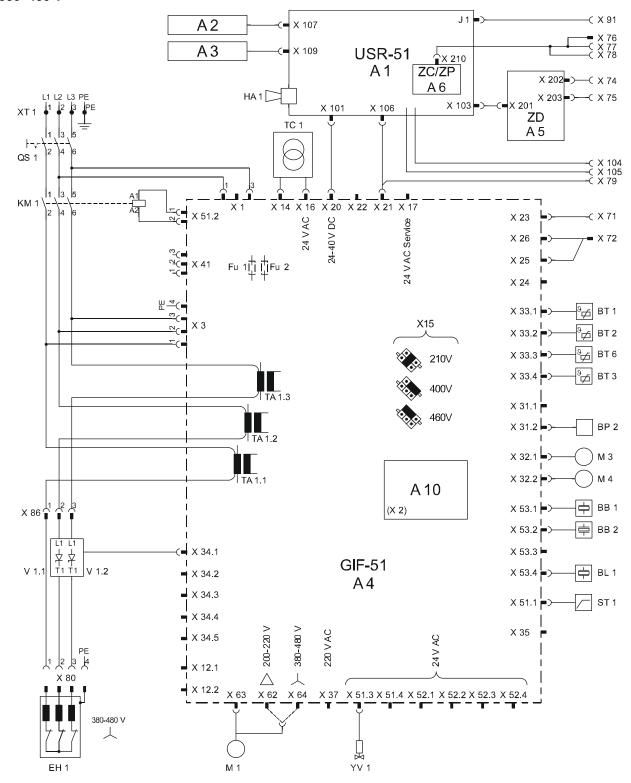
# 13 Technical information

# 13.1 Electrical circuit diagram

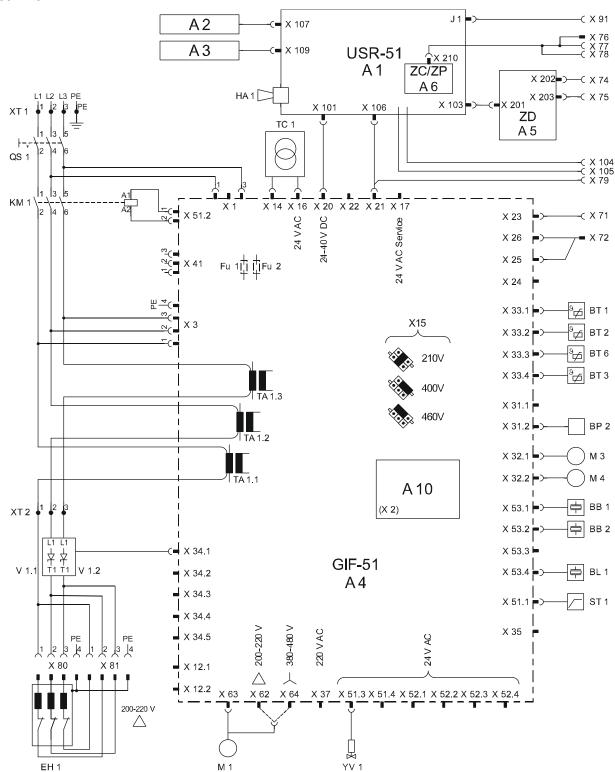
**Electrical connection** 

see nameplate on unit or on page 25.

380-480 V

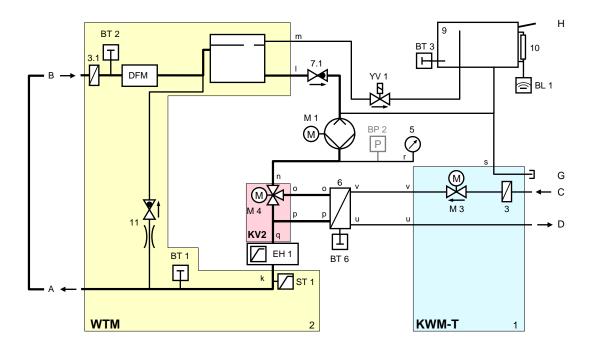


#### 200-220 V



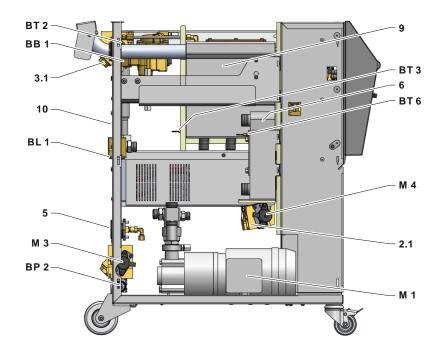
# 13.2 Hydraulic scheme

## HB-200T2

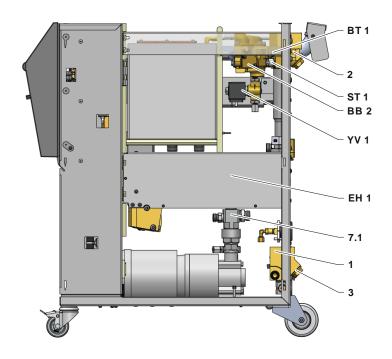


## 13.3 Item location

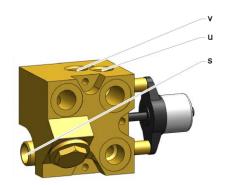
#### Side view left



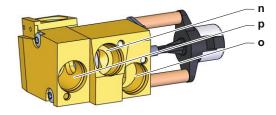
## Side view right



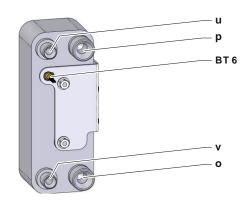
## Cooling water module



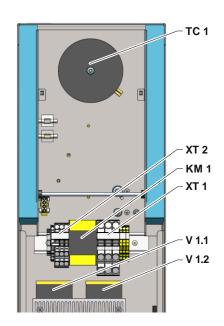
## **Proportional module**



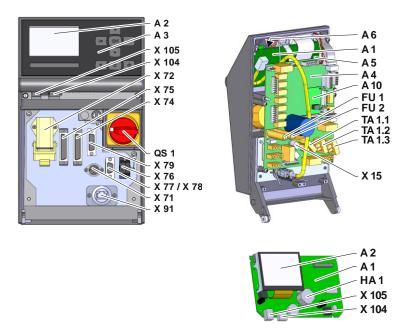
## Cooling



## **Electric components**



#### **Front**



# 13.4 Legend

KZ	Designation	only with version
Α	Main line	
В	Return line	
С	Cooling water inlet	
D	Cooling water outlet	
G	Drain	
Н	Filling	
1	Cooling water module KWM	
2	Heat transfer medium module WTM	
2.1	Proportional module KV2	
3	Filter cooling water inlet	
3.1	Filter return line	
5	Pressure gauge	
6	Cooling	
7.1	Non return valve return line	
9	Tank	
10	Level indicator	
A 1	Control unit USR-51	
A 2	Display	
A 3	Keyboard	
A 4	Unit board GIF-51	
A 5	DIGITAL module	ZD
A 6	CAN- resp. PROFIBUS-DP- module	ZC, ZP
A 10	Level module	
11	Bypass with non-return valve	
BB 1	Sonic transducer 1	
BB 2	Sonic transducer 2	
BL 1	Audio converter level	
BP 2	Pressure sensor main line	ZU, 4S, 8R
BT 1	Heat sensor main line	
BT 2	Temperature sensor return line	
BT 3	Temperature sensor tank	
BT 6	Temperature sensor cooling	
EH 1	Heater 1	
FU 1	Fuse 0,8 AT	
FU 2	Fuse 0,8 AT	
HA 1	Horn	
KM 1	Main contactor	
M 1	Main pump	
M 3	Cooling valve 1 (KV 1)	
M 4	Cooling valve 2 (KV 2)	
N	Mains connection cable	
QS 1	Main switch	
ST 1	Temperature limiter main line	

KZ	Designation	only with version
TA 1.1	Current transformer 1	
TA 1.2	Current transformer 2	
TA 1.3	Current transformer 3	
TC 1	Transformer	
V 1.1	Semiconductor relay heater 1	
V 1.2	Semiconductor relay heater 1	
X 15	Preselection of voltage	
X 71	Socket external sensor	ZE
X 72	Connector alarm contact, external control	ZB
X 74	Connector interface DIGITAL 1	ZD
X 75	Connector interface DIGITAL 2	ZD
X 76	Connector (CAN-Bus)	ZC
X 77	Connector (CAN-Bus)	ZC
X 78	Connector PROFIBUS-DP	ZP
X 79	Socket HB OUT	
X 91	OPC UA socket	ZO
X 104	Connector USB-Host	
X 105	Connector USB-Device	
XT 1	Mains terminal	
XT 2	Terminal heater	380–480 V, 16 kW 200–220 V
YV 1	Solenoid valve air relief	

# 14 Interface cables

## 14.1 External sensor

Sensor type thermocouple (type J, K, T)



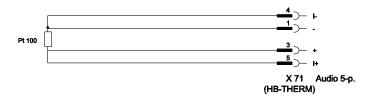
#### Sensor type Pt 100 (2-wire design)



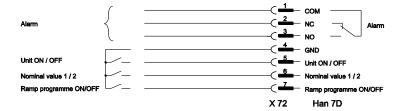
#### Sensor type Pt 100 (3-wire design)



#### Sensor type Pt 100 (4-wire design)



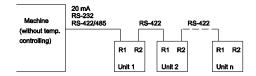
## 14.2 External control



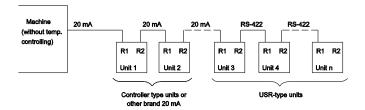
Function		Contact	Load	
Unit	ON	Closing (edge) 5 VDC, 2 i		
	OFF	Opening (edge)		
Nominal value	2	Closing (edge) 5 VDC, 2 m/s		
	1	Opening (edge)		
Ramp programme	ON	Closing (edge)	5 VDC, 2 mA	
	OFF	Opening (edge)		
Alarm contact			250 VAC, 4 A	

#### 14.3 Serial data interfaces

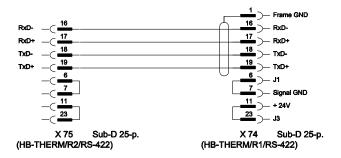
## Operation with USR type units



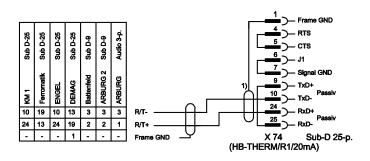
# Operation with USR and controller type units



# Connection cable RS-422 (between 2 USR units)

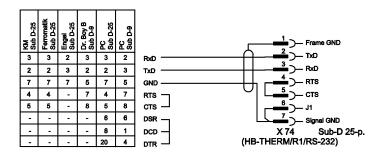


#### 20 mA (current loop)

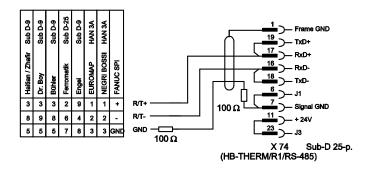


1) not applicable if shield exists on machine side

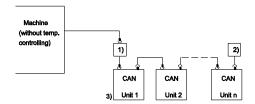
#### **RS-232**



#### **RS-485**

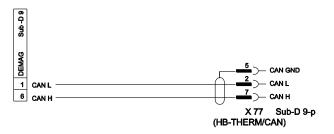


## 14.4 CAN-Bus interfaces

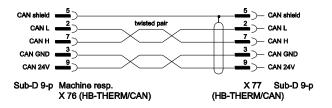


No.	Description			
1)	Adapter u/ID No. 22590 (only for DEMAG machine)			
2)	Terminator 120 $\Omega$ (not for older DEMAG machines with integrated connector)			
3)	Address	DEMAG	Unit 1 with address 13, unit 2 with address 14, etc.	
		Netstal	Unit 1 with address 31, unit 2 with address 32, etc.	

## Adapter

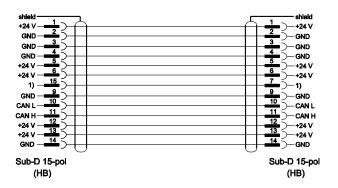


#### **Connection cable CAN**



## 14.5 Interface HB

ΗВ



1) An automatic terminal resistance is connected over this contact.

#### **HB/CAN**

